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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAR... POWER
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WORK OF PROTECTION.

OUR FOREIGN TRADE AND ITS VAST SIGNIFICANCE.

James R. Keene Points Out the Tremendous Increase of National Wealth Resulting From the Increase of Exports and the Decrease of Imports.

A notably impressive statement is that of Mr. James R. Keene regarding the present fiscal position of the United States, chiefly as the result of an economic policy which has increased the use and consumption of our domestic products while at the same time diminishing our use of the products of other countries. Nobody will accuse Mr. Keene of talking politics when he draws attention to this wonderful development of national prosperity. Indeed, so far as any public expression of his on that subject goes he can hardly be said to have any politics.

Jay Gould once said that while he belonged to any or all parties, his only politics was the Erie road. Mr. Keene's politics may be said, in the same sense, to be the stock exchange. Judged by the authorized interview which he gave out for publication a few days ago he might to be a Republican and a protectionist, but if he is he has not said it. In that interview, while testifying to a condition which could only proceed from eighteen months of protection, he refrains from the acknowledgement of any obligation to the system which dazzles the great home market with the means of enabling American capital successfully to reach outside markets. But we should let Mr. Keene tell the story of protection's great achievements in his own way. He says:

"To my mind the foreign trade of the United States is the fundamental factor in the prosperous situation. Most people have appreciated yet appreciated its significance. The Government figures of exports and imports show: Excess of exports for the year ending June 30, 1896, $85,986,257; 1897, $97,983,087; excess of exports year ending June 30, 1897, $265,621,112; excess of exports for year ending June 30, 1898, $616,005,615. Total for three years, $966,219,959. Excess exports July 1 to December 30, 1898, four months, $199,884,700, making a total of $1,100,000,000.

Here is an addition of $1,100,000,000 to the wealth of the country from surplus products in little over three years. There is a persistent and importunate demand for our grain, provisions, cotton and manufactured products, which insures for the fiscal year ending June 30 next another large excess of exports. The total gain to the country in foreign trade will probably be in excess of $1,500,000,000.

"The trade statements of the three preceding years is important, showing the gradual growth of foreign trade: Year ending June 30, 1895, excess of imports, $18,735,728; year ending June 30, 1894, excess of exports, $237,145,950; year ending June 30, 1895, excess of exports, $61,076,782. These net sales of surplus products must be paid for in some form. Foreign nations did not have $1,100,000,000 gold to remit, but they sent us some gold and some securities. To-day they owe us in various forms large amounts of money in the shape of liabilities, as, for example, exchange, the collection of which has been deferred. The debt, moreover, will grow instead of decreasing. We have not demanded money due us by foreign nations, because of the fear of disturbing monetary affairs in England, Germany, France and other countries, and because it pays us to leave it at interest.

"A gratifying feature of our foreign trade is the growth in exports of manufacture. In eighteen years these have nearly trebled. Last year they were nearly $300,000,000. There is every prospect that this growth will continue. We have imported fewer manufactured goods because we have learned how to make our own, and with improved machinery, abundant raw material and skilled and well-fed workmen, we compete with the world in manufactures as never before. The opening of Chinese and other Eastern markets will furnish new and almost unlimited opportunities.

"It is this enormous debt of foreign nations to us which has made money so easy throughout the country, flooded the West with capital, filled Western banks to repletion, and brought Western men in large number to invest in our securities.

"Hardly one man in a thousand in the United States realizes this change. The power of $1,500,000,000 increased wealth no one can controvert. The figures are so stupendous and the logic is so irresistible that the student stands aghast. Few have ever seen these figures grouped in this form, and even the financial writers of the press, clever and able as they are, have not seemed to grasp their magnitude and the irresistible investment and speculative momentum they have unquestionably exercised. It must also be remembered that while this increased wealth is from exports only, the country itself has grown richer in even greater proportion. There has been nothing like this foreign trade statement in the history of the commerce of any country."

This picture, drawn by the master hand of one of the world's leaders in finance and business, is remarkable for its truth, its simplicity and its power. Nothing need be added to it.

Basis Sold For Spanish Merchants.

Porto Rico continues to buy large quantities of supplies from Spain. That is because under existing arrangements the Spaniards are the most favored nation dealing with Porto Rico. When the Porto Rican tariff is the same as that of the United States, some of the Spanish merchants who have been getting wealthy off the trade with the island will discover a sudden and disastrous falling off in their business. Instead of the majority of the ships delivering goods at Porto Rico will be sailing under clearances at Porto Rico soon after the tariff of the American register our new possession.—Buffalo Review.

They Jump Over It.

Evidently the tariff wall around this country is not so high that exports cannot jump over it. The foreign trade of the United States is now nearly $2,000,000,000 a year and the increase in the volume of exports was $107,000,000 during the past eight months.—Aberdeen (S. D.) News.

EASILY ANSWERED.

How the American Merchant Marine May Be Upbuilt.

The American Line of steamships, plying between New York and Southampton, is in existence, but is heavily subsidized for carrying the mails. Our coastwise marine is large, because foreign competition is excluded by law.

Will the Republican leaders permit Americans to buy vessels in Europe, and then nationalize them? If they will not do that, nor remove the tax from building materials and the vessels when launched, then how is the American merchant marine to be upbuilt?—Paris edition New York Herald.

You have already answered the question, if you were logical enough to know it. Here is the answer out of your own mouth;

Our coastwise marine is large, because foreign competition is excluded by law.

There is the whole thing in thirteen words. Exclude (that is, penalize, by means of discriminating duties) by law foreign competition in our foreign carrying trade, and will not our oversea marine be large? Discrimination has built up Great Britain's merchant navy to its present tremendous proportion; discrimination maintains British marine supremacy to-day. It will do the same for the United States. What we want to do is to exclude foreign competition on the sea, precisely as we do on the land.

An Anti-Expansionist View.

If we can sell steel rails to foreign countries, and locomotives, and harvesting machines, and bicycles, and about everything else we make, there is no reason why we cannot make merchant ocean steamers, and run them, too, as cheaply as anybody does. And it is high time to take hold of our merchant marine and do our own carrying across the ocean. And if England secures her business by subsidizing her steamship lines, we must subsidize ours. That's much cheaper than it is to buy distant islands, and pay heavy expenses in caring for them.—Lowell (Mass.) Courier.

Does Not Necessitate Bond Issues.

The funniest thing that appears in the Democratic papers these days is abuse of the Dingley law because it doesn't produce revenue enough to suit them. What the average Democrat wants is a revenue law that will cause bond issues every two or three months. The Dingley law may have imperfections; even Republican laws have them occasionally. But the fact remains that no bonds have been issued to pay the running expenses of the Government outside of war expenses, since it went into effect.—Lawrence (Kan.) Journal.

Uncle Sam's Educational Chart.

Its Real Meaning.

The real meaning of the open door is simply a guarantee of equal opportunity to trade and under like conditions and it does not exclude tariff for revenue or protection which may be thought necessary for the support of the Government. It simply means that there shall be no discrimination. All the questions raised by the anti-expansionists have been thought of and taken into account by those who believe in growth. Assistant Secretary of State Meiklejohn sees no difficulty in treating the Philippines as a colony and legislating especially for them. It can be depended upon that whatever the outcome, existing industries in the United States will neither be destroyed nor disturbed.—Utica (N. Y.) Press.

The People Know.

A New York paper says "it must be a firm purpose not to dim the luster of the war heroes that is keeping Mr. Dingley from pointing out how the result of the election is a vindication of the existing tariff law." Mr. Dingley doesn't have to "point out" any benefits that accrued from the tariff law. The people know that protection made prosperity, and Republican prosperity made Republican victory certain.—Tacoma (Wash.) Ledger.

ACQUIRING PROPERTY BY CRIME.

A Judge Decides That a Murderer's Family is Entitled to an Estate.

Superior Judge Buckles, of Solano County, Cal., has decided an interesting case, involving the question as to whether the family of a person can acquire property as the direct result of his own crime. The decision is in the affirmative.

Louis, Frank, Arthur, Thomas and Susie Belew were brothers and sisters. Louis and Susie were unmarried, and each possessed estates in their own right. The father and mother were both dead. Frank was without funds, and possessed a family, with whom at the time he was not living. He murdered Louis and Susie with no apparent motive except to succeed to a portion of their respective estates. He pleaded guilty, and was hanged.

The petition for the distribution of the estate of Susie and Louis Belew asked that the property be distributed in equal shares to the surviving brothers, and to the estate of Frank Belew.

One of the brothers filed objection to any distribution being made to the estate of Frank Belew, on the ground that he, having murdered his brother and sister, could not succeed to any of the estate left by them. To this objection a general demurrer was interposed and has been sustained, Judge Buckles declaring that unless the court can change the Code of Civil Procedure, the estates of Louis and Susie Belew must be distributed in equal parts to the estate of the murderer, Frank Belew, and the two surviving brothers.

Governor Brady's Plea For Alaska.

In his annual report Governor Brady, of Alaska, asks that the Territory receive representation in Congress and that Alaskans be not classified with Kanakas, Filipinos and Cubans. He points out that Alaska is thirteen times as big as Cuba, that it "has been in our possession for thirty-one years, and its value has been unknown and unappreciated."

PEACE COMMISSION HOME

The Five Envoys Return to This Country With the Treaty.

DOCUMENT IS IN WASHINGTON.

The United States Peace Commissioners Arrive From Paris—They Immediately Proceeded to Washington and Presented the "Treaty of Paris" to the President—Senator Frye's Statement.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The five Peace Commissioners for the United States reached this city Saturday morning on the American Line steamship St. Louis, after an absence abroad of two months, bringing with them the "Treaty of Paris."

The St. Louis reached her pier shortly after 9 o'clock. As the big liner was being docked the band played "The Star Spangled Banner." Senator Frye, William R. Day and Interpreter Fergusson were among the first to cross the gangplank, and they were soon followed by the rest of the party, consisting in all of forty persons. The five Commissioners—ex-Secretary of the State William R. Day, Senator Cushman K. Davis of Minnesota, Senator William P. Frye of Maine, Senator George Gray of Delaware, and Whitelaw Reid of this city were accompanied by their wives.

The Commissioners had agreed not to talk. Each announced this decision as soon as he was approached by reporters. "We have nothing to say about the treaty, until it is turned over to the President," said Senator Frye.

In response to further questioning, however, and when a published translation of the treaty, as given out in Madrid while he was at sea, was shown to him, Senator Frye said:

"Every article of the treaty was fought for by the United States Commissioners and stubbornly resisted by the Spanish. The points which the Spanish resisted most vigorously were the loss of the Philippines and the assumption of the Cuban debt. When the two commissions met the Spanish Commissioners' first proposition was, 'Let the American people get out of Manila, Luzon, and disclaim all intentions of acquiring the Philippines, and then we will begin our negotiations.' After considerable parrying we made them understand that the negotiations had better proceed without such a sweeping condition or they might not proceed at all.

"Then the Spanish Commissioners wished the United States to assume all the Cuban indebtedness. We had to fight hard to convince the Spaniards that we did not think it right to impose such obligations on the American people, but after a hard fight of days and days our opponents yielded to our claims and signed the treaty, which I have no doubt will be approved by the President and ratified by the Senate."

COMMISSIONERS IN WASHINGTON.

Judge Day Presents the Treaty to the President of the White House.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The American Peace Commissioners arrived in Washington from New York shortly after 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon. They were driven in carriages to the White House, and at 4.40 o'clock were received by President McKinley in the Blue Parlor, together with all the attaches of the Commission. All the Commissioners were present—Messrs. William R. Day, Senator Cushman K. Davis, Senator William P. Frye, Senator George Gray and Mr. Whitelaw Reid. The peace treaty was brought in a separate carriage by Mr. John Bassett Moore, Secretary of the Commission, and Mr. Michael Cook, Chief Clerk of the State Department, who met the party at the Pennsylvania Railroad station.

Few persons were at the White House when the Commissioners and other members of the party arrived.

There was no formality in the reception by the President. The Commissioners remained half an hour, President Day of the Commission presenting the treaty, which was brought in a good sized satchel. President McKinley congratulated the Commissioners on the result of their mission in Paris and for each one had a special word of commendation for the successful manner in which the delicate negotiations leading to the peace settlement were conducted.

INDIANA HAS A LYNCHING.

A Mob Hangs a Man Who Attempted Wife Murder.

SCOTTSBURG, Ind. (Special).—Marion Tyler was placed in jail here several weeks ago, the result of an attempt on his part to kill his wife.

Shortly after midnight a few days ago a mob was formed. All were masked. They hurried to the Sheriff's residence in the jail, called him by name and, covering him and his sons with guns, the leader demanded the keys of the jail.

The demand was refused, but the mob became so threatening and determined that the Sheriff and his family were frightened into telling where the keys could be found. The mob took them, went to the jail where they got their prisoner and hanged him.

On November 3 Tyler shot and seriously wounded his wife and then made an ineffectual attempt at suicide.

His last trial was to have taken place January 13.

This is the first hanging in the history of Scott County, either lawfully or by lynchers.

CADETS SOON TO GRADUATE.

West Pointers Will End Their School Term in February, Instead of June.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—An order has been sent to the headquarters of the army directing that the first class of cadets at West Point be graduated in February, instead of the following June. This was in accordance with a recommendation made some time ago by Major-General Miles and now approved by Secretary Alger.

A United States army officer and official of the War Department explained that one object of General Miles in making the recommendation was to supply the pressing need now of young officers. Many are ill or on staff duty, and from other causes the line is depleted. In the Third Cavalry there are only five officers on duty. The assignment of the new second lieutenants, who number about fifty, will do much to relieve the situation, and keep out of the service many civilians who were unfit, but who might otherwise, through political influence, be appointed to second lieutenancies.

RARE TREAT FOR SOUTH AMERICA.

Gunboat Wilmington to Exhibit "Old Glory" to South American Countries.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va. (Special).—The trim little gunboat Wilmington, which did such good work on the blockade during the recent war, has left Hampton Roads on an unusually interesting trip.

The Wilmington will take the American flag to the innermost rivers of South America for the purpose of exhibiting it to the natives of the south country's republics. The object of this trip is to induce more friendly relations, commercial and otherwise, with the countries of South America.

A Boy's Awful Crime.

Frank Nulty, a postoffice clerk, nineteen years old, of New York City, shot and instantly killed his former sweetheart, Mamie Remley, a few days ago because she would not marry him. The girl was seventeen years old and lived with her parents. After killing her he turned the weapon upon himself and fired two bullets into his brain.

A Gunboat For Bay State Naval Militia.

The Secretary of the Navy, Washington, has directed the transfer to the Governor of Massachusetts for naval militia purposes of the auxiliary gunboat Iuca, formerly the yacht of the same name.

UNCLE SAM'S HAPPY NEW YEAR.

ENGLAND AND THE CANAL

The Clayton-Bulwer Treaty is Likely to Be Abrogated.

TO ACT AT AN EARLY DATE.

Great Britain is Willing That the United States Should Control the Nicaraguan Waterway Under Proper Conditions—We Are to Guarantee the Canal's Neutrality and Safeguard British Interests.

LONDON (By Cable).—There seems to be little doubt that Great Britain will agree to abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. The temper of the Cabinet and public opinion, which largely influences the Government's policy, points to such action, though no definite understanding with the United States has yet been reached. Great Britain desires that the Nicaragua Canal be constructed, and is willing that the United States should control it if the United States guarantees its neutrality and safeguards British interests. The reports from Washington that the British Ambassador there, Sir Julian Pauncefote, has been instructed to negotiate the abrogation of the treaty are incorrect, though it is likely he will soon receive instructions to that effect.

The impression here is that the British Foreign Office and the United States Charge de Affaires, Henry White, incidental to his visits to Cabinet Ministers, will arrange the basis of action. Mr. White spent a few days with the Marquis of Salisbury at Hatfield House, and with his family spent Christmas week with the Duke of Devonshire at Chatsworth House, Derbyshire, the country seat of the Duke, who is Lord President of the Council. There Mr. White met another influential Minister, Lord George Hamilton, the Secretary of State for India.

Negotiations May Be Opened Soon.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—It is accepted as little short of certain in the best-informed official and diplomatic circles that negotiations will be opened at an early day toward modifying the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty to meet the conditions of the present day concerning American construction and control of the Nicaragua Canal.

New Secretary of the Interior.

ETHAN ALLEN HITCHCOCK.

LOSSES IN THE LAKE MARINE.

Estimated at $2,600,000 and Said to Be Heavier Than Ever Before.

CHICAGO, Ill. (Special).—Marine losses on the lakes during the season of 1898 were much greater than during any season previous. The estimates of the various underwriters vary greatly, but a general average of these estimates will place the aggregate loss at $2,600,000.

Vesselmen protest that these figures are too high, and say that the insurance companies have not lost heavily. In a list of 569 losses the causes assigned were as follows:

Ashore, 123; aground in protected channels, 126; fire, 40; collisions, 90; ice, 16; stormbeaten, 93; foundered, 8; miscellaneous causes, 116.

Lake Michigan has been the scene of the greatest number of disasters, with Lake Superior second. Lake Huron was remarkably free from disasters, while Lake Ontario produced a larger number of serious losses than Lake Erie.

The number of boats destroyed is 58. Their aggregate tonnage was 29,191 tons.

Admiral Schley Receives His Sword.

Rear Admiral Schley, while he was in Philadelphia a few days ago, was the recipient of a handsome and costly sword, scabbard and belt, presented to him in behalf of the people of Philadelphia and other cities in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware.

Swindled the Government.

The internal revenue officers in New York City have learned that the Government has been swindled out of thousands through the misuse of internal revenue stamps by employes in Wall street houses.

California Drought Ended.

The weather and crop reports from California show that a good fall of rain has reached almost every section of the State, and all danger of drought for the time being is past. The rain came at the right time, for cattle have been starving in many sections, and the ground has been too dry for tilling, while water supplies of many cities and towns reached a low ebb.

A New Yorker's Narrow Escape.

Mr. Frank Kanak, of New York City, was acquitted of lese majeste in Berlin, Germany, for calling Emperor William a sheepshead, on the ground that he was intoxicated.

PHILIPPINE NATIVES CRUEL.

Stories of Maltreatment of Spanish Prisoners by the Insurgents.

MANILA, Philippine Islands (By Cable).—The assertion so strenuously made by the natives that they are a highly civilized race is not borne out by facts, according to Spanish refugees from the north who have just reached here by coasters. One says that after the surrender of the town of Aparri the insurgents formed a parade, whose central feature was a Spanish lieutenant, who was carried along the streets suspended from a bamboo pole, to which his hands and feet were tied, just as hogs are carried along here by coolies. On arrival at the plaza the procession halted, the pole was placed on two forked sticks, and a squad of rebels proceeded to terrorize their helpless victim by shooting as close to his head as was possible without wounding him. When the unfortunate man was unconscious from terror the procession moved on again. Another story is told of a Spanish officer being confined in a cell with his hands tied behind his back, and compelled to eat the portions of food allotted him from the floor of his cell like a dog. Not satisfied with this, his captors are said to have hooked a rope to his swollen wrists, and by means of a pulley overhead pulled him off his feet until he fainted.

Still another refugee states that because he threw some papers which he did not wish rebels to have into a cesspool the natives dropped him into the hole and compelled him to recover the papers. After this he was paraded through the streets for hours.

The Spanish priests who were captured fared somewhat better, according to reports. The rebels organized them into an extempore brass band to head their procession, and by dint of kicks and blows compelled their captives to produce plaints of discord, which highly amused the natives. The natives indignantly deny these allegations, and their newspapers retaliate by printing horrible stories of atrocities practiced by the Spaniards before the surrender of Manila, one of them even publishing the affidavits of the victims.

CONSULS IN CUBA AND SPAIN.

Offices in the Island Closed Pending th Recognition of Independence.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special.)—The State Department has instructed Vice Consul General Springer to proceed to Havana and close up the affairs of the United States Consulate General there. The Consular offices throughout Cuba will not be abandoned just now, but will be closed temporarily until such times as, through the recognition of the independence of the Cubans, it may become necessary to resume business through them.

The department has as yet taken no steps toward reopening the American Consulate in Spain, and this will probably be allowed to await the exchange of ratifications of the peace treaty. In the absence of the usual treaties of amity and commerce, the status of United States Consuls sent to Spain would be somewhat indefinite, but it is not doubted that they would be afforded proper facilities for the discharge of their duties.

One, at least, and perhaps more, of the United States Consular officers in Spain remained at his post throughout the war, undisturbed. The officer was not an American citizen, but that in itself would not have protected him from the interference of the Spanish officials in the making of his usual reports to the State Department. Another curious fact is that there was received without intermission throughout the war at the Navy Department a Spanish official naval publication on the exchange list of the department.

FAITH CURIST FOUND GUILTY.

Second Conviction Obtained in Ohio Against the Christian Scientists.

CINCINNATI, Ohio (Special).—Miss Alice Putnam, a Christian Scientist, was convicted a few days ago by a Police Court jury of violating the State laws regulating the practice of medicine. Judge Schwab fined her $100. She was released on $100 bond pending an argument for a new trial.

This is the second conviction secured by the State Health Board, which has instituted a crusade against Christian Scientists. Q. B. McLelland, representing the Board, was treated by Miss Putnam for alleged stomach trouble. He paid her a fee.

Ten thousand dollars was pledged by a wealthy Cincinnati Christian Scientist, who refuses to have his name published, for the further defence of Miss Putnam. Amos Weston, a leader in the Christian Science Church here, said:

"The building fund of $24,000 pledged to this church is also available for Miss Putnam's case. It will be a national test case, and we will carry it to the Supreme Court of the United States, if necessary."

German Agent Betrays Confidence.

The German Agent at Samoa has taken advantage of the confidence of the United States and British Consuls to land guns and munitions of war and obtain commercial advantages. The United States Consul has been ordered to exercise greater vigilance.

The Sultan's Aide de Camp Murdered.

Ghani Bey, a notorious Turk, who, for committing various outrages, had been rewarded with the appointment of Aide de Camp to the Sultan of Turkey, was murdered in Constantinople.

Miscellaneous Sports.

Whist tournaments are in progress at the leading colleges.

There is little or no demand for bicycles in Portuguese East Africa. There are only a few miles of hard roads in Lourenco Marquez, and parts of these are very steep. The remaining roads are sandy, and it is an impossibility to ride a bicycle over them.

Miss Beatrix Hoyt will certainly have no cause for complaint in the facilities for golf-playing at Shinnecock Hills next season. The trustees of Shinnecock Hills organization have just purchased twenty additional acres of land, and will make the women's course the longest nine-hole one in the country.

EUROPE FEARS AMERICA.

This Country the Commanding Power in Finance and Commerce.

MANUFACTURERS ARE ALARMED.

American Steel Rails in Demand Everywhere—The Commercial Supremacy of the United States the Talk of the Old World—Yankee Agents Soliciting Business in Every Part of Europe.

LONDON (By Cable).—It is no exaggeration to assert that the foremost topic compelling attention in Europe in general and in Great Britain in particular, overshadowing the dreary broils of domestic politics, is the remarkable, aggressive, commercial prosperity which the United States is manifesting. Hardly a newspaper review or a public speaker has failed to notice with what giant's strides America is coming into the first place in the alignment of the powers. It is certainly the chief subject of conversation on Lombard street and on the Continental Bourses.

Mr. James Bryce, in a speech before the Leicester Chamber of Commerce, sounded a warning to British manufacturers. He emphasized the fact that the exports of the United States and Germany had increased $170,000,000 and $105,000,000 respectively, between 1891 and 1897, while Great Britain's decreased $75,000,000. He further pointed out that the business of the United States was developing along many important lines, which Great Britain, he added, should have held against all competitors. Mr. Bryce unhesitatingly asserted that the United States could produce rails cheaper than Great Britain, and said he saw no possibility of opening new markets except in China.

Great Britain seems to have become reconciled to the capture of the iron manufacture by the United States. American firms are uniformly successful in bidding against the British firms. Consuls assert that all Europe is swarming as never before with the agents of American manufacturers of steel, street railroads, electrical apparatus and all kinds of machinery, who are breaking the commercial invasion.

The Daily Chronicle comments upon the fact that American capitalists "have the courage of their financial opinions if they think they know the European situation better than the capitalists of the Old World."

FOUR OF A FAMILY DROWNED.

Three Children and Their Mother Perish in the St. Lawrence River.

ALEXANDRIA BAY, N. Y. (Special).—Three children of Charles Hagerman were playing on the ice off the north shore of Wells Island, in the St. Lawrence River, a few days ago, when it broke and they all fell in and were drowned.

A fourth child, a little girl, who was on shore, and had just warned the others, ran to the house and notified her mother. Mrs. Hagerman rushed to the scene, and in her endeavors to rescue the children broke through the ice, and she too was drowned.

Those drowned were Josephine Hagerman, thirty-four years old; Marsh Hagerman, thirteen years old; Addie Belle Hagerman, ten years old, and Bert Hagerman, seven years old.

Broke Through the Ice.

PHILLIPSBURG, N. J. (Special).—Grover Geary, twelve years old, and his two smaller sisters, the children of Dewitt Geary, a railroad engineer, were drowned in the Morris Canal at Port Colden a few days ago.

Geary lives near the canal, and the children were accustomed to play on the ice when the canal was frozen. During the afternoon the mother missed the little ones, and, going to the canal, discovered a hole in the ice. Geary rushed to the canal and jumped in, hoping to find the children, but he was not successful. The bodies of the three little ones were found a short time afterward near where they had fallen in.

SENATOR MORRILL DEAD.

The Aged Vermont Statesman Passes Away at Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Justin S. Morrill, the senior Senator from Vermont, died at 1.25 o'clock Tuesday morning in the eighty-ninth year of his age, after an illness of less than a week.

The immediate cause of death was pneumonia, which developed from an attack of grip contracted about a week before. The venerable Senator was confined to his home but seven days. Despite his advanced age he attended his Senatorial duties faithfully, and regularly went to the Capitol. His physician thinks that exposure to its rigors brought on the attack of grip.

Justin Smith Morrill, the "Father of the Senate," was born in Stafford, Vt., on April 14, 1810. Morrill was elected a Whig, but became a strong Republican from the foundation of that party.

After he had served twelve years in the House, Vermont made Morrill United States Senator, to succeed Luke P. Poland, and he took his seat March 4, 1867, a seat to which he was re-elected in 1872, 1878, 1884, 1890 and 1896, making his service in the Senate nearly thirty-two years, and his entire service in both branches forty-three years without a single break.

REAR-ADMIRAL BUNCE RETIRED.

Admiral Dewey Becomes the Commanding Officer of the Navy.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Rear-Admiral Francis M. Bunce, commandant at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, has been retired, having reached the age limited.

REAR-ADMIRAL BUNCE.

Admiral Bunce is sixty-two years old, and for forty-seven years has served hit country in the navy.

He was appointed to the New York yard in May, 1897, and received his commission as a rear-admiral on February 6 last.

By the retirement of Admiral Bunce Admiral Dewey becomes the senior officer in the navy.

100,000 Rifles For Carlists.

The Carlist agitation in the Basque provinces of Spain is daily becoming more active and is strongly supported by the inhabitants of the French Basque districts. Upward of 100,000 rifles landed at French ports have been smuggled over the Spanish frontier with cargoes of coal.

Klondikers Coming Home.

Klondike mail to November 21, the first received in six weeks, was taken a few days ago to Seattle, Wash., by Jack Carr. He reports that 2500 miners are on their way out of the diggings, 500 being at the foot of the chain of lakes.

Philadelphia's Big Loan.

Judges Sulzberger and Pennypacker at Philadelphia, Penn., dismissed the bill in equity brought by Messrs. Barr and Yocum to restrain the issue of a municipal loan of $11,200,000, which is to be devoted to city improvements, and of which nearly $5,000,000 is to be used to procure a better water supply and $1,000,000 for the Public Library. This decision establishes the legality of the loan, and it will be negotiated at once.

Estimated Cost of Nicaragua Canal.

The preliminary report of the Nicaragua Canal Commission puts the total cost of the work at $135,000,000

HOBSON OFF FOR MANILA.

The Merrimac Hero Was Lionized by Thousands at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. (Special).—Lieutenant Richmond Pearson Hobson has sailed for the Philippines on the steamer Gaelic. He will report to Admiral Dewey on his arrival and will undertake the work of raising and preparing for service under the flag of the United States the vessels of Admiral Montijo which suffered so severely in the battle of Manila Bay.

An immense crowd was at the dock to witness Hobson's departure. His carriage had great difficulty in getting through the throngs of people, who simply would not let him pass in quiet. Cheers upon cheers were given for him, and he was compelled at several points to say a few words to the people. Escorted by hundreds, Hobson finally managed to reach the vessel's side, and as he emerged from the carriage the cheers were renewed. Cries for a speech were ignored for some time, but they became so frequent and prolonged that Hobson was compelled to speak to the people. His remarks could hardly be heard save by a few people who stood close to him.

When the vessel got under way, all the steam whistles on the water front were given free play and the noise was terrific. The vessels in the harbor were decorated for the occasion, and flags dipped in Hobson's honor as the Gaelic passed up the harbor of the Golden Gate.

EXPEDITION SENT TO ILOILO.

General Otis and Admiral Dewey Take Measures to Preserve Order.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The Administration has taken steps to safeguard American interests in the city of Iloilo, on the island of Panay, one of the Philippine Archipelago, and a military and naval expedition has been sent there from Manila.

Cable advices have been received here from General Otis, commanding the military forces in the Philippines, and Admiral Dewey, commanding the naval forces there, showing that they are acting in concert in the matter.

General Otis reported that he had dispatched two regiments and a battery of artillery to Iloilo on army transports, and Admiral Dewey informed the Navy Department that the cruiser Baltimore had sailed from Manila for the same place.

It is explained that these officers are acting on their own discretion in the matter, and that no official advices have been received here to indicate that there is any unusual lawlessness in Iloilo. The expedition is more in the nature of a precaution, but active measures will be taken for the suppression of lawlessness if the condition of affairs requires it.

HID HER DAUGHTERS' LEPROSY.

Two Cases of Several Years' Standing Found at New Lexington, Ohio.

COLUMBUS, Ohio (Special).—Dr. Charles O. Probst, Secretary of the State Board of Health, has investigated two reported cases of leprosy at New Lexington, Perry County. He has found the cases to be fully developed leprosy. The lepers are Hattie Garry, aged twenty-two, and her little sister Hannah, twelve years old. For a dozen years Mrs. Garry, a soldier's widow, has managed to conceal from her neighbors her children's affliction. Finally, forced by straitened circumstances, she told the story to the county authorities.

The two leper girls will be isolated in a cabin to be built among the hills outside the town limits. In this cabin, which will be Ohio's leper settlement, the mother will care for her daughters, while food and clothing will be furnished by the county. These cases are hereditary. The father of the girls contracted the disease in the South while a soldier in the Civil War. Symptoms of leprosy did not develop until after the father's death. For the last few years the girls have rarely left their mother's cottage, and then usually after dark.

The elder girl, Hatttie, has the disease in an advanced stage.

BANK STRANGELY ROBBED.

Time Locks Seemingly Fail to Protect at Lima, Ohio.

LIMA, Ohio (Special).—The American National Bank in Faurot's Opera House, which is situated on probably the most prominent street corner in Lima and directly across a narrow street from the central police office, was robbed Sunday night of $25,000. Not a clue to the robbery was left behind.

No explosives of any kind were used and there is scarcely the faintest scratch to indicate the use of a tool. Still, in obedience to the skill of the thieves, the delicate and complicated time locks operated the ponderous doors and exposed the money within hours ahead of the appointed time. The time locks were set to open at 11 o'clock Monday morning, and the robbery might not have been discovered until then had not one of the outer doors been left open by the robbers.

DROWNED IN A BOSTON PARK.

Thirty Children Go Through the Ice and Three Deaths Result.

BOSTON (Special).—The joy of Christmas Day was marred by one of the worst drowning accidents that has occurred in this vicinity for many years. Through the sudden breaking of the ice on Leverett Pond, in the park system, thirty girls and boys were thrown into eight feet of water.

The police and numerous Spectators worked hard to save them, but three of the children were drowned. They were James W. Clattenburg, Jr., ten years old; Arthur Collins, twelve years old, and Emma Miller, fourteen years old. The two boys lived in Brookline and the girl in this city.

BIRD PREVENTED A WRECK.

Flew Against Headlight, Shattered It and Saved a Train.

AUSTIN, Texas (Special).—The northbound passenger train of the International and Great Northern Railroad escaped a serious wreck forty miles below here through the intervention of a bird. Some one had tied a rail securely across the track.

A few miles before reaching the spot a bird, blinded by the headlight, flew against the glass, breaking it and extinguishing the light, which necessitated running slowly to the next station. The train, at reduced speed, struck the obstruction, tearing up the track and damaging the front of the engine, but no one was injured.

American Troops Patrolling Havana.

The American troops have begun the patrol of Havana, Cuba, in order to prevent disorders.

A Big Fire in Vermont.

Twelve acres containing 11,000,000 feet of lumber, a planing mill, eight sheds and a large quantity of machinery, the property of the Shepard & Morse Lumber Company, of Boston and Burlington, Vt., were swept by fire a few days ago at Burlington, causing a loss estimated at $250,000. The entire plant of the company was practically wiped out of existence, and it was with great difficulty that adjoining property was saved. The amount of insurance on the property is $104,000. About 100 men are thrown out of employment by the fire. The police have arrested Clement Hurley, Joseph Stannard and John Lashway on suspicion for causing the fire.

Navy Department Economizing.

An evidence of thrift in the Navy Department, Washington, is a general order sent out a few days ago to all of the naval stations that the strictest economy is to be exercised in all expenditures of public money by the department's officers until further orders.

Railway Collision at Lexington.

A Louisville and Nashville yard locomotive and a Chesapeake and Ohio locomotive pulling an extra freight train collided a few days ago near Pepper's distillery at Lexington, Ky. Nine men were badly hurt, two of whom will die of their injuries. Both locomotives were demolished.

AN EXCEPTION.

I don't lean very hard on slang, 'cause talk that's ready made
Don't seem to me the proper kind fur simple folks and staid.
But there's one remark which strikes me so expressive-like and strong
That I make it an exception. It's 'bout "jollyin' folks along."

When discouragements are gatherin' an' your weary footsteps flag;
When your heart is gettin' heavy an' your languid spirits sag,
It's a help that's most amazin'; you feel young ag'in an' strong,
When some happier fellow bein' stops to "jolly you along."

It's like a dash o' rain across the field that's hot an' dry;
It's like a flash of sunshine through a dark an' threatenin' sky,
Or a friendly voice from home that greets you mid a stranger throng,
When you're played out an' some feller stops to "jolly you along."

Survival of the fittest—that's the rule of every race,
But good stock'll sometimes falter in the fierceness of the chase,
An' maybe honest merit has been kep' from goin' wrong
By some gentle soul that stopped a bit to "jolly folks along."

HUMOROUS.

Maud—What made her change her wedding day? May—It was bargain day at Koller's.

"What is your notion of an ideal woman?" "One who can look like a princess in a three-dollar suit."

Mother (drilling Teddy for his first party)—And now, darling, what is a greedy boy? Teddy—A boy who wants everything I want.

Softleigh—So you—aw—don't think the clothes make the man, Miss Cutting? Miss Cutting—Well, they didn't in your case, at least.

"Did the marriage end the feud between the two families?" "Not entirely. It is confined to only one member of each family now."

The Medium—The spirit of your husband is here, if you wish to ask him any question. The Widow—I want to ask him where he has been.

"Do you think bringing women into politics would be an agreeable innovation?" "Well, it might change the custom of handshaking to kissing."

"The new minister's sermons are entirely too short." "Think so?" "Yes. I never get any more than fifteen or twenty minutes' sleep at service now."

Young Doctor—I find it hard to draw the line between hay fever and influenza.

TORIA

...nfants and Children.

...Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Scallop.

The scallop accomplishes locomotion by a series of leaps. When it is alarmed, or wishes to change its location, it opens and energetically closes its valves, thus expelling the water. The reaction sheers it backward. By this means the creature is able to travel long distances. Sometimes scallops make considerable journeys in large companies. One can scarcely imagine a lovelier sight than that of a flock of these pretty creatures, with shell of every hue, from purple and white to black, enlivened with shades of pink, yellow and fawn, darting about in clear water. In their flightlike movements, vertical, horizontal and zigzag, they are more suggestive of a flock of winged animals than of bivalve mollusks.

Ice In Polar Regions.

When the sea freezes, first is formed the thin flake called by navigators "sludge," and as soon as this catches and holds snow it is termed "brash." When it gathers and doubles, the whalers style it "pancake" or "bay ice." If you can see the limit of this, it will be "a floe," and an "icefield" if its boundaries are out of sight.

"Pack ice" consists of floes forced together and overlapping, and when this again becomes broken and scattered by a new wind the name of it is "sailing ice."

An Old Idea.

Every day strengthens the belief of eminent physicians that impure blood is the cause of the majority of our diseases. Twenty-five years ago this theory was used as a basis for the formula of Brown's Iron Bitters. The many remarkable cures effected by this famous old household remedy are sufficient to prove that the theory is correct. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Oct. 19, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6.00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Rail and steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashiee Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer tosmers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all Intermediate landings, also at Elizabeth City Monday and Wednesday for Roanoke Island, Ocracoke Oriental and Dewbern.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M. for Newbern and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Nowberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morchead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars ow rates and quicker time han by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W. H. Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.

Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of,

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

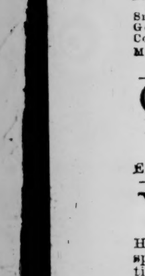
Al. kinds of Cabinet Work done.

WOOD FOR SALE.

I am prepared to furnish Wood Green or Dry, and sawed if wanted. Will sell by the load or cord and deliver in any part of the city. My yard is at the late W. J. Griffin place on North Road street.

W. F. JENNINGS.

GROVES



TASTELESS

CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 629 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold a medicine that gave such universal satisfaction as GROVE'S [illegible] Yours truly, ALLEN, Gann & Co.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE SOUTH.

President McKinley has always shown a desire to deal with Southern sentiment in a considerate spirit and to efface as far as possible the old feeling of sectional bitterness wherever found. It is a task in which all Presidents would not be equally successful, though equally patriotic and well meaing. Temperament and natural disposition count for much in work of this kind. It requires sympathetic insight as well as perfect sincereity. The President stands well with Southerners. They do not agree with him politically, but appreciate his fairness, courtesy, innate kindness and unbounded patience in contact with measures and men. While firm and unflinching in support of the policies with which he is identified, he still meets their opponents on friendly terms and weighs their side of the case dispassionately. McKinley's mind has been clamly trained in the practical affairs of the nation. He has always been a close student and builder. None of the elements of the destructive are found in him. Invective and personal aggression are not in his line. There is no record of his utterance of a harsh or unpleasant word.

It is easy to like such a President, even if his political views are not accepted. What President McKinley evidently sees in the South is the region which, through force of past circumstances, is not in full accord with the keynotes of national progress, nor developing its resources as rapidly as might be, nor taking as broad a share in public affairs as it would be able to sustain by virture of its intelligence and character. That the President earnestly desires the South to move forward to a realization of all just advantages cannot be doubted. He respects its people and their intellectual gifts, cherished the hope that the old sectionalism will vanish, and labors to unite the people of all the States in a common and sincere patriotism.

THE EDUCATIONAL FUND.

The Legislative Examining Committee has completed the examination of the accounts of the State Educational fund.

The receipts of the educational fund for the fiscal years 1897 and 1898 have been as follows: Balance in the treasury November 30th, 1897, $35,058.31; received during the year 1897, $22,043.89; received in 1898, $8,562.61. This makes a total of $65,667.81.

The disbursements for the fiscal years during 1897, $33,372.85, and during 1898, $27,899.42, making a total of $60,772.27. This leaves a difference of $3,895.54 in the treasury belonging to the educational fund, as compared with $35,958.31, the amount in the treasury November 30th, 1896.

In addition to the above the State Board of Education holds as an investment $143,250 of North Carolina 4 per cent. bonds and $2,000 6 per cent. bonds.

While the most intelligent of the colored race as a rule stand by the Republican party, the great rank and file of the colored voters scarcely ever fail to roll up a Democratic majority where they have sufficient numbers, and hence as a race, they do not benefit the Republican party. We say this not fom our knowledge of political science or any theory whatever but from the simple fact that in the counties that have the majority of the colored population, a Democrrtic majority is voted on election days, and the counties that have the fewest negroes give Republican majorities.

"Are not the newspapers and correspondents," asks the Davie Times, "a little previous in this early naming Butler and Russell's successors?" That is the way it is borne in on us. If we remember rightly, the Democratic party had a rather bitter experience four years ago as a result of an effoet to select a Senator before it elected the legislature which was to elect him.

The protection of growing American industries has resulted in making this country the master of the situation. The warning that a Protective Tariff would kill our foreign market has been proved almost ludicrously absurd by the marvelous strides in our commerce. The Orient is now our field, and it is still as exporters, and not as importers, we shall command it.

A special telegram from the Philipines states that the first American flag was raised over the Malate school house on Christmas day. It was sent by the University of Pennsylvania. The honor of raising the flag was accorded to Father McKinnon, of California, in recognition of his services in re-opening the schools.

WASHINGTON LETTER

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Dec. 30, 1898.

President McKinley's instructions to Admiral Dewey and Gen. Otis says in substance: "Hoist Old Glory in every seaport of the Philipines, peaceably, if you can, forcibly if you must; and let it be distinctly understood by the insurgents that the authority of the United States will be maintained at all hazards. His instructions to all our officers in Cuba are equally explicit concerning the transfer of authority from the Spanish to our troops—allow no unjust treatment of either Spaniards or Cubans by each other, and so far as may be possible prevent either doing anything calculated to humiliate the other.

What to do with the Cuban soldiers is a problem that is receiving much attention from our officials. The men are entirely without cl thing or money, and the so-called Cuban government has no money to pay them, although it gets enough from somewhere to maintain a number of ornamental, rather than useful, agents in Washington, New York and elsewhere. Some of these soldiers have been in the field ever since the rebellion started and never received a cent. It would be unjust, as well as dangerous, to dismiss them ragged and penniless. It has been suggested that this government advance a sufficient sum to pay them all something like $100 each, and repay itself from the Cuban revenues that will be collected by us while the island remains under military control, and the suggestion has been favorably received and may be carried out. There is an item of $3,000,000, for the emergency, in the special deficiency appropriation made by Congress, that could be used for this purpose, it the President ordered it done, but this he has not yet decided to do.

Few public men have died in Washington whose loss was more sincerely regretted than Senator Morril, of Vermont, who died this week of pneumonia after an illness of less than one week. Senator Morril had been in Congress for the last forty years, and has been identified with much useful legislation. He was instrumental in putting through the House, when he was a member of that body, the first bill against Mormon polygamy; he introduced and carried through both branches of Congress the first bill granting public lands for the support of agricultural, scientific and industrial colleges, under which act there are now forty-seven colleges with 500 professors and more than 5,000 students; the war tariff bill, known as the "Morrill tariff" was largely his personal work—in fact, there has been no tariff or financial bill put through Congress for the last forty years that he did not have a hand in shaping. The Congressional Library building, the finest of its kind in the world, is a monument to his tireless industry and perseverence, and almost his last work was to have the Senate pass, for the third time, his bill to purchase the square of ground opposite the Library building as a site for a Supreme Court building. Senator Proctor, his colleague, told Senator Morrill's character in a sentence when he said of him: "All during his politieal life he has been outspoken in his expressions of opinion and in the many years that I have known him I have never heard an unkind word said of him." The funeral services will be held in the Senate chamber.

Senatator Allison, of Iowa, is the second Republican on the Finance Committee of which the late Senator Morrill was chairman, but as he is chairman of the Appropriation Committee, a position he is not likely to give up for the vacant chairmanship, it is regarded as certain that Senator Aldrich, who, owing to Senator Morrill's feebleness, performed all the hard work of the chairman during amending of the Dingly tariff bill and the debate on the bill in the Senate, will become chairman of the committee; if Senator Allison waives his right to it.

Only two Republican Senators have publicly spoken against ratication of the treaty of peace—Hoar, of Massachrsetts, and Perkins, of California—and both of them have stated conditions under which they will vote for its ratification. Mr. Hoar says he will vote to ratify if the treaty is amended so as to prohibit statehood for the Philipines, or any portion of them, and Mr. Perkins that he will vote for ratification if instructed by the California legislature to do so.

Parsnip Complexion.

It does not require an expert to detect the sufferer from kidney trouble. The hollow cheeks, the sunken eyes, the dark, puffy circles under the eyes, the sallow parsnip-colored complexion indicates it.

A physican would ask if you had rheumatism, a dull pain or ache in the back or over the hips, stomach trouble, desire to urinate often, or a burning or scalding in passing it; if after passing there is an unsatisfied feeling as if it must be at once repeated, or if the urine has a brick dest deposit or strong odor.

When these symptoms are present no time should be lost in removing the cause.

Delay may lead to gravel, catarrh of the bladder, inflamation, causing stoppage, and sometimes requiring the drawing of the urine with instruments, or may run into Bright's Disease, the most dangerous stage of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great discovery or the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, is a positive remedy for such diseases. Its reputation is world-wide and it is so easy to get any drug store that no one need suffer any length of time for want of it.

However, if you prefer to first test its wonderful merits, mention the North Carolinian and write to Dr Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle and book telling all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail.

☞ On the day before Christmas Lieutenant Richmond Pearson Hobson sailed for the Philippines on the steamer Gaelic. He will report to Admiral Dewey on his arrival and will undertake the work of raising and preparing for service, under the flag of the United States, the vessels of Admiral Montijo which were sunk in the battle of Manila

Circuit Court for Elizabeth City and Newbern

Senator Pritchard has introduced the following bill in the Senate which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Ameria in Congress assembled, that terms of the circuit court of the United States for the eastern judicial district of North Carolina shall be held at Newbern and Elizabeth City, in said district, at the times fixed by law for holding the terms of the district court of the United States at said places, Newbern and Elizabeth City.

SEC. 2. That the deputy clerks of the United States district courts at Newbern and Elizabeth City shall act as deputy clerks of the circuit court herein provided for, unless the circuit judge of said eastern district of North Carolina shall appoint deputy clerks of the circuit court for said terms, and said deputy clerks shall be responsible upon their bonds as deputy clerks of the district court for any malfeasance, nonfeasance, or misfeasance in office.

SEC. 3. That shis Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

WINE OF CARDUI

MONTHLY SUFFERING.

Thousands of women are troubled at monthly intervals with pains in the head, back, breasts, shoulders, sides hips and limbs. But they need not suffer.

These pains are symptoms of dangerous derangements that can be corrected. The menstrual function should operate painlessly.

Mc ELREE'S Wine of Cardui

makes menstruation painless, and regular. It puts the delicate menstrual organs in condition to do their work properly. And that stops all this pain. Why will any woman suffer month after month when Wine of Cardui will relieve her? It costs $1.00 at the drug store. Why don't you get a bottle to-day?

For advice, in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Mrs. ROZENA LEWIS, of Genaville, Texas, says: "I was troubled at monthly intervals with terrible pains in my head and back, but have been entirely relieved by Wine of Cardui."

WINE OF CARDUI

JACK HORNER.

The Rich Plum That He Extracted From That Christmas Pie.

For the benefit of those who are not quite little folks Agnes Carr Sage, in Lippincott's Magazine, tells the origin and history of some famous nursery stories and rhymes, among them "The Pleasant History of Jack Horner," containing "His Witty Tricks and Pleasant Pranks," for so it is set forth in a very old chapbook, carefully preserved in the Bodleian library.

It appears that this worthy was steward to an abbot of Glastonbury. The good abbot learned that his majesty Henry VIII had seen fit to be indignant because the monks had built a kitchen which he could not burn down. Now, a king's indignation was dangerous and must be appeased. Therefore the abbot sent his steward, Jack Horner, to present the sovereign with a suitable peace offering. It took the form of a big and tempting looking pie, beneath the crust of which the transfer deeds of 12 manors were hidden.

But Master Jack had an eye for the profit of No. 1, and on the road he slyly lifted the crust and abstracted the deeds of the Manor of Wells. On his return, bringing the deeds, he plausibly explained that they had been given to him by the king; hence the rhyme:

Little Jack Horner
Sat in a corner (of the wagon),
Eying his Christmas pie;
He put in his thumb
And pulled out a plum (the title deed),
Saying, "What a brave boy am I!"

Town Names.

The Cleveland Leader says that a man registered in a local hotel the other day, giving his place of residence as Sleepy Eye, Minn. Half an hour later another guest registered from Painted Post, Ia.

The clerk paid no especial attention to this, but when the next man to register boldly wrote "White Pigeon, Mich.," after his name, both the clerk and the bookkeeper began to get interested.

While they were talking about the queer names that had been given to some of our western towns, a dignified looking man stepped up to the office, whirled the register around, and scrawled "Horseheads, N. Y."

Superlatives.

Dr. Johnson says in his "Grammar of the English Tongue:" "The comparison of adjectives is very uncertain, and, being much regulated by commodiousness of utterance, is not easily reduced to rules."

Then he quotes passages from "Paradise Lost," in which these words are found, "virtnousest," "powerfullest," and a passage from "Samson Agonistes" which contains the word "famousest."

Surely Milton had an ear.—Notes and Queries.

Municipal Jealousies.

New Yorker—You are a stranger here, I presume?

Chicago Man (haughtily)—I am from the great city that New York is jealous of.

New Yorker—Ah! And how are things in dear old Lunnon!—New York Weekly.

Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Tex., has feund a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied hemorrhages; and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with its marvelous cure; would have it even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles at A. Wadsworth's drug store free Regular size 50c and $100. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

A DIPLOMATIC TRICK.

AN INCIDENT THAT PROVED THE CUNNING OF BISMARCK.

The Roundabout Manner in Which He Secured the Safe Transmission of His Official Correspondence to the Foreign Office.

Stepping to the counter, Herr von Bismarck asked a grinning young shopboy in shirt sleeves, a blue linen apron, not of maiden freshness, and blessed with a pair of large, red, greasy paws, engaged in weighing some Dutch cheese, to oblige him with a sheet of writing paper, some sealing wax and a pen to direct a letter.

On the boy producing the needful with the traditional "What else, sir?" Bismarck said: "My hands are rather cold. You had better do it for me." And he handed the boy a couple of letters wrapped in the sheet of bluish paper forming an envelope, for in those days made up envelopes were still unknown in Germany. Evidently flattered by the request of such an imposing looking client, for Herr von Bismarck's tall hat was almost touching the ceiling of the squalid little shop, the greasy handed youth took the parcel, and, having closed it skillfully with some brown sealing wax and indorsed it with the initials of the firm, he returned it to its owner to write the address.

"Sorry, my friend, to give you more trouble," said the future chancellor in his jovial way, "but I can't manage to write with my gloves on, so just address it for me." And he handed him a pencilled slip with the name of Herr Fritz Piepenbrink or some such name, oil and colonial warehouseman, No. 000 Friedrichs strasse, Berlin.

"Thank you, young man; that'll do capitally," and paying for the paper, etc., with a small tip to the oily boy with the stereotyped grin, he pocketed his letter, and we left the place to continue our walk.

"I dare say you are wondering why I treat my correspondents to such greasy, evil smelling missives?" And he showed me the cheesy finger marks of the boy on both sides of the improvised envelope. "I'll tell you a secret, and teach you a useful lesson for future times. You may some day thank me for the hint," exclaimed Herr von Bismarck, laughing heartily.

"You know we are blessed here in Frankfort, as throughout all south Germany, with the Thurn and Taxis postal administration, a mine of wealth to that fortunate family, but the most wretchedly managed concern under the sun. As you may imagine, it is under the thumb of Austria, hence slow and the triumph of red tape, with a pronounced weakness for diving into other people's business and skimming, of course, the correspondence of all German and foreign envoys, accredited to the diet, with a preference for mine, the ever suspected Prussian culprit and traitor.

"They have established a regular black cabinet in the princely postoffice, where specially trained imperial and royal wiseacres peruse our prose with critical eye, transmitting copies of extracts of all 'treasonable' matter, or particularly interesting reports, to the august Ballplatz, where Gentand and after him Klindworth have established a lynx eyed system of political espionage (politisches schnuffeln) extending all over Europe, and comprising eo ipso all German courts and chancelleries.

"Not being particularly anxious to gratify the morbid curiosity of our Austrian ally, I have thought it advisable to send important reports to the Berlin foreign office, as well as all my letters to the king, to Herr von Manteufel, and to my sister and some particular friends, under cover to some mercantile firm in Berlin, changing frequently and usually asking a counter jumper in a cheesemonger's or oilman's shop to address them for me—and you can easily understand that the imperial and royal sniffers (schnuffler) don't manage to guess the correspondent of the Prussian representative under a greasy, ill smelling cover, such as you have seen.

"It stands to reason that the smell of cheese or herring and the scribbling of a shopboy must deceive sharper men than the Thurn and Taxis post officials and the specially delegated Austrian postoffice clerks. The only precaution I have to take is to go to different shops in quarters of the town where I am not known and to vary the Berlin address from time to time. Thus I'm perfectly safe.

"Le tour est joue, and I snap my fingers at the Ballplatz. It is simple enough, as you have seen, yet it wouldn't do to send everything through that channel, as they would otherwise get suspicious, so I treat my Austrian friends at least once a week to some of my diplomatic prose — unimportant stuff, and occasionally something I want them to know—or to believe," and he indulged in a boisterous laugh.—Baron de Malortie in Cornhill Magazine.

A Close Shave.

A circus paid a flying visit to a small country town, and the price of admission was sixpence, children under 10 years of age half price. It was Edith's tenth birthday, and her brother Tom, aged 13, took her in the afternoon to see the show. Arrived at the door, he put down ninepence and asked for two front seats.

"How old is the little girl?" asked the money taker doubtfully.

"Well," replied Master Tom, "this is her tenth birthday, but she was not born until rather late in the afternoon."

The money taker accepted the statement and handed him the tickets. But it was a close shave.—London Tit-Bits.

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It Looked Bad.

A certain young lady against whom appearances certainly looked dark once had an amusing experience of unjust judgment. She went out on a stormy day and was unfortunate enough to have her umbrella turned inside out. Her two sisters were equally unlucky, and on the following day the young lady volunteered to take the three umbellas to be repaired.

Promising to call for them before she returned home in the afternoon, she went about her business, part of which was to do some shopping in a large city establishment. On rising to leave the shop she mechanically put out her hand to take possession of an umbrella that was close by. It looked like her own, and for the moment she had forgotten the accident. She was soon brought to her senses.

"That is my umbrella," said a sharp voice at her side, and a hand was laid on her arm to detain her.

Apologizing for her thoughtlessness, she left the shop, did the rest of her business and called for her umbrellas. In the street car she met an indignant pair of eyes. Where had she seen them before? They scanned first her face and then the burden she carried. "Three of them!" muttered the owner of the eyes, and it was evident that she referred to the umbrellas. "Three! She's din no bad the day."

As she spoke she grasped her own umbrella tightly and moved farther away from the dangerous young lady. The color came into the cheeks of the latter. The speaker was her friend of the morning, and she evidently believed that the umbrellas had been stolen.—Youth's Companion.

COLDS

Colds are easily taken and often develop into bronchitis or consumption. You should cure a cold promptly with Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup. This celebrated remedy is most efficient and will cure a cold at once.

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Royal Honor.

Louis XII of France, having made a certain bargain with King Ferdinand of Spain, found that Ferdinand had grievously cheated him, whereupon he made complaint of his dealing. The Spanish king made answer to the court as follows: "The king of France is complaining that I have deceived him twice. He lies. I have deceived him more than ten times."

Vagaries of English.

"That's quite a draft from the west this morning," remarked the banker to the cashier as they glanced over the mail.

The new office boy promptly closed the transom and again stood at attention.—Detroit Free Press.

"Some folks," said Uncle Eben, "makes yer fink ob a circus hoss. Dey gallops tell dey's out ob bref, but dey nebber gits nowhar."—Washington Star.

There are too many firecrackers who imagine they are 13 inch guns in society.—Atchison Globe

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..... CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good stop stomach-ache and cramps, and kill and drive off worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.

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THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be handsomely printed during 1898. This edition is issued every Wednesday, and presents and excellent compendium of the contents of the daily, but adds special information for farmers and the home. Its weekly visits bring to the fireside a fund of sound information, which every man needs for himself, and and influence for good, which he needs for his family. Price, $1 a year. Readers in search of obtain the Weekly Tribune at a lower price in combination with a local weekly paper. Sample copies free. Friends of the party and The Tribune are invited to make up clubs for the paper in their localities.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE is issued on Tuesdays and Fridays. Price, $2 a year. This edition is being enriched by the addition to each Friday's paper of a handsome pictorial supplement of 20 pages, in which are printed a profusion of "half-tone" and other pictures of great beauty and artistic merit. This supplement is dignified and able, and not only most entertaining, but imminently educational upon the minds and tastes of the family. An increasing number of subscribers indicates public approval of this feature o The Tribune. Sample copies free.

THE TRIBUNE ALMANAC for 1898, now in preparation, will contain several features of value not included in previous numbers, among the n the new Constitution of the State of New York, providing for non-partisan municipal elections, The Tribune's digest having been approved by Joseph H. Choate, a prominent member of the Constitutional Convention; the Constitution of the United States, the Dingley Tariff Bill, rates compared with the Wilson Bill, the Reciprocity clauses in full; a history of the Greco-Turkish war, the principal events of 1897, etc., etc. The regular features will be retained, viz. Election returns for 1896 and 1897, in detail; platforms of all parties; an extended array of statistics of trade, commerce, finance, money, production of precious metals, manufactures, public debts, pensions, railroads, shipping, etc.; names of the principal officials of the United States and the several States, with their salaries; an abstract of the latest Congress and the State Legislatures and a great multiplicity of other valuable matters to which every intelligent man wishes to refer annually. 25 cents a copy. Copies may be ordered in advance. The Almanac will be out early in January.

A large number of Pamphlets extra, some of them of great interest, have been printed by The Tribune, a circular describing them will cheerfully be sent to any one inquiring by postal card

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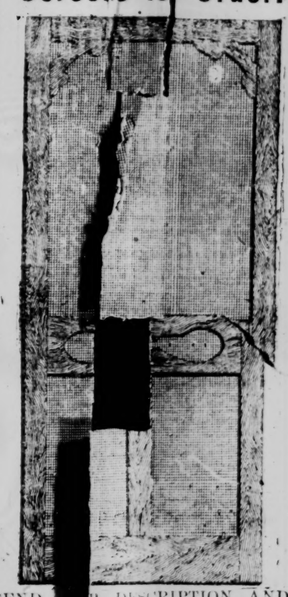

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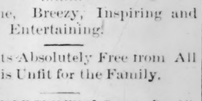

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Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; B. C. Lane, sr, Sagamore; Luther Hollowan, C. of R.; S. H. Murrell, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of W Meet every Wednesday night.

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The North Carolinian.

Thursday, January 5, 1898.

☞Write 1899 now.

☞Begin the new year aright.

☞Men become rich by attending to their own business.

☞Mr. Will Crawford, of Aulander, has been visiting his mother on Main street.

☞Mr. J. A. Gregory, of Woodville, has been granted a patent for his improved cultivator.

☞Street Commissioner R. W Berry is making some valuable improvements on Park avenue.

☞It is a fact worth mentioning that Elizabeth City has more large business houses than any town of its population in the State.

☞Some unknown person broke in, with a brick, the front window of Berry & Shannon's bar on Fearing street last week. He was run off by the night police, who was unable to capture him.

☞Mr. P. G. Morrisett, of Camden, well-known and highly respected died very suddenly at his home near the Court House last week. He was ill only six hours. The Masons of this place attended his funeral.

☞On Tuesday of last week Rev. Chas. F. Hunter, of this place went to Windfall and there married Rev. J. M. Smith to Miss Ella Smith, and Mr. Albert Winslow to Miss Minnie Smith, all of Perquimans.

☞The Conklin building on the North side of Main street has been thoroughly renovated and overhauled and is now occupied by Mr. W. H. Keaton. The house is well-known to boarders and Mr. Keaton as a jolly good host.

☞A newspaper man has a better opportunity than most any one else for judging the real character of the People, His subscription list is a true index to a man's integrity, and every man who places a value on his standing ought to keep square with the newspapers.

☞Mr. J. W. Green, formerly of this place but for some years residing in Baltimore, is in the city. He still suffers from the wounds received in the war between the States, and it is a compliment not only to Dr. W. J. Lumsden, but Elizabeth City as well, that he has been succesefuly treated here. He gave the CAROLINIAN a call.

☞Quietly, though beautifully on Tuesday afternoon was the marriage ceremony performermed by Rev. Dr. Beaman which united Mr. James Simons and Miss Helen Lamb at the home of the bride's parents on Pearl street. Only a few intimate friends were presnt, but congratulations came from every quarter in which they are known. Mr. and Mrs. Simons will live in Newbern.

☞"Santa's Tryumph" is the title of a very pretty Christmas cantata at the Bapiist Church last Friday night. The different parts were taken by members of the Sunday School aud the grand finale a libaral donation of good things to the children. It was a happy affair. Elizabeth City certainly has just cause to be proud of its musical talented young people.

☞Senator Hoar, in aspeech recently delivered at a reception given in his honor at Charleston, S. C., said: "The American people have learned to know as never before, the quality of the Southern stock, and to value its noble contribution to the American character, its courage in war, its attachment to home and State, its love of rural life, its capacity for great affection and generous emotion, its aptness for command; above all, its constancy, that virture above all virtures, without which no people can long be either great or free."

☞Alcohol is a poison that destroys nerves, tissues and brain cells: it never builds up. It dissipates energy and at no time supplies power. It deceives as it destroys, and it destoys at it deceives. The strongest and healthiest and happiest men and women living are thoses who do not take alcohol in any form. The best physicians are now unanimous in saying that alcohol does not give strength, does not maintain strength, but it does cause more disease and death than any other one thing in the world.

☞Good will has been established in America from North to South and from East to West. The angels of our better nature have been reconciling enemies, obliterating the wounds and scars of war and making the stars of the old flag of freedom to shine with new luster, while every stripe has been cleansed from every stain. North and South together sang at this Christmas time as they have not sung since we were a nation —the song of "Blessed Peace and Good will." Let us remember that this is the injunction given to Moses but not to him alone.

☞On Saturday, the 24th ult, about 11 o'clock, the editor, while sitting in his office, was suddenly attacked with a severe case of the Grippe. He was taken home where he has since been under the best of medical treatment. The langer signal has passed and he is gradually recovering, but is still unable to attend to any business. To the good neighbors and kind friends, irrespective of party, from all over the city who have manifested so much interest in his condition he feels profoundly grateful. Life would not be worth living without good neighbors and kind friends.

☞The editor sincerely wishes from his sick bed that all his patrons had a Merry Christmas and enjoyed a Happy New Year.

☞The bells of the city, as usual, tolled the old year out and rang the new year in.

☞Society enjoyed itself during the holidays. Receptions and parties were almost a nightly occurrence.

☞Table Linen and Towels without any extra tariff on them at Fowler & Company's.

☞Mr. John Banks, of Newport News, Va., and Miss Bertie Applebaum, of this city, were married by Rabbi Eberson, of Norfolk, in the Arlington Hotel parlors last week.

☞NOTICE TO FISHERMEN:—For Nets and Twines, see Fowler & Co.

☞There are many ways to get employment and earn money. It is not necesary for anybody with health to be idle. If you can't get what to do, do what you can get to do.

☞If you are going to buy a Parasol or Umbrella, it will pay you to examine Fowler & Co.'s before buying

☞The different colored societies of this place celebrated Emancipation Day by parading the streets and speech-making at the court house.

☞The world is better to-day than it was yesterday, and will be better to-morrow than it is to-day. The progress made in the nineteenth century is nothing to what will be made in the twentieth. 1901 will soon be here, and with it will commence an era of both progress and prosperity little dreamed of by the most sanguine or optimistic mind. Advancement, improvement, expansion, which means a higher civilization, is to be the order throughout this whole planet from now on.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

☞Fowler & Co are closing out small lots of Shoes for Misses, Ladies and Men at about half price, to clear up their stock.

☞The cost of weeds to the farmer is enormouse co npared with certain other expenses. Weeds rob the soil and entails labor from Spring until Fall. If the farmers in each community would unite and determinedly fight weeds for three years, not allowing a single one to grow if possible, they would then find their expenses greatly reduced owing to the cost of production of weeds and their destruction being removed.

☞The right price on Dress Goods at Fowler & Co.'s.

☞United States District Attorney C. M. Bernard has moved his residence from Greenville to Raleigh.

☞SHOES, SHOES, SHOES, for the young and old at Fowler & Co's at bottom prices.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

☞To become a good conversationalist read much and mingle among people who read; improve the mind, acquire knowledge, be a good listener and a keen observer, and above all be quiet and modest.

☞The man who doesn't turn up at Moses, Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

☞Rev. Dr. Beaman, the new Methodist pastor, is delighting his church as a leading sheppard, its members as a christian gentleman and the large congregation to whom he preaches as a pulpit orator in whom their is faith and instruction. We tip our hat to all three compliments and offer the CAROLINIAN'S welcome, Who would live in a land without churches?

Everybody Says so.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

☞The State Legislature met at Raleigh yesterday. The city was well filled with office hunters.

☞Both the County and the Town Boards of Commissioners were in regular session on Monday. Neither did anything of general interest The auditing of accounts and a settlement of business for the past month was the matters which engaged the attention of both bodies.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 7:10 and will set to-night at 4.50.—The editor has been obliged to depend upon others for the matter appearing in this column this week, as well as for the general make up of the paper.—This is the time of the year when everybody is trying to settle up their business affairs.—A colored woman named Bond, who was confined in jail for stealing, cleverly outwitted her guard one night last week and is now at large.—Jack Frost and his associates had quite a snap Sanday and Monday. Pleasant weather now, however.—Mr. Marius John, of Sterling, Ill., son of theproprietor of the Sterling *Gazette*, spent the holidays visiting his uncle, Dr. Palemon John and family. He returned to the George School, where he is now a student, on Monday.—Most ministers are judge by the mortgage on their church.—The Versifier says: The rights of women, what are they?
The right to labor and to pray
The right to comfort in distress,
The right when others blame, to obess
—Mr. Joe. Bell, who has been visiting his brother, Mr. George W. Bell, has returned to his home in Washington, N. C.—Some women carry their mania for frills and fiounces so far that they occasionally have ruffled tempers.—Mr. Isaac Salomonsky has resigned his position with Louis Selig, the jeweler, to accept a similar position with Chapman & Jakeman in Norfolk.—Mr. J. H. Parker, of Hertford, deputy collector of the 4th division of North Carolina, was in the city last week and paid his respects to the CAROLINIAN.—The man who stays at the store until midnight "to balance his books," frequently has trouble to balance himself on the way home.—Mr. Whit Woodley's handsome cottage home in the First Ward is about completed.—The usual number of Christmas drunks met their reward in Mayor Whitcomb's court.—Mr. J. P. Overman, who has been quite sick, we are glad to say is now able to be out again.—Mrs. W. T. William is off on a visit to relatives at Gilmerton, Va.—Mr. W. J. Morgan, of Oriental spent the holidays at this his old home.—The many friends of Capt. B. F. Spence will regret to learn that he is sick at his home on Road street.—Work on the foundation of the new Citizen's Bank will begin Monday. Contract for building the structure has been awarded to to Messrs Chilcutt & Bramble.—Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Sedgwick, who have been spending some days with their daughter, Mrs. Geo. W. Lyons, in Norfolk, have returned.—The County Board of Education was in session on Monday, but only routine business was transacted.—To think kindly is good, to act kindly is better, but to do kindly is best of all.—Miss Mary Terrell, who has been visiting relatives on Main street, has returned to her home in Tarboro.—All the schools, public and private, began Monday the second session of the schoolastic year.—The Revenue Cutter Boutwell is expected here to-day.—Report comes from the coast that the seashore is lined with the toothsome big blue fish.—There were no issues of local papers last week.—Both members of the firm of Hooper & Co. are at home sick.—The fellow with a rosebud on his coat handed in the following:

'Tis how the humble married man
Doth grunt and swear like sin,
And carry out his wife's commands
And her dear house plants in.

—J. M. Farer, who spent the holidays here prospecting, returned to his home in Pennsylvania Tuesday. He expressed himself as pleased and will return in February with a view of making this his home.—In December Register Culpepper issued twenty-two marriage licenses. Of these, ten were for colored couples and twelve for whites.—Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Heath, of Berkley, Va., are visiting the family of Mr. P. S. Shipp, in the First Ward.—Prof. S. L. Sheep, of the Atlantic Collegiate Institute attended the meeting of principals of high schools at Raleigh last week.—Mr. and Mrs. George Staylor, of Norfolk is visiting the family of Mr. J. W. Dawson on Culpepper street.—Mr. and Mrs. Brooks Harrison and daughter of Reading, Pa., are visiting the family of Mr. F. H. Ziegler on Road street.—All the mills have resumed day and night work.—The Elizabeth City and Norfolk Telegraph Company will move their office from Main to Poindexter street next week.—Mr. Philip Morrisett, for a number years clerk of the Superior Court of Camden county, died on the 24th ult. He was sick but a few hours.—Rev. Dr. Johnston will leave tomorrow for Martin and Halifax counties on business connected with the Presbyterian church.—The books in the court house do not show that any important real estate transactions occurred during the month just past.—The Methodist Sunday School did not have any Christmas entertainment this year.—The different transportation lines continue to handle small shipments of cotton, which goes to show that all of last year's crop has not yet been shipped from this section.—Politeness costs nothing and goes a long way.—Bro. Mitchell, of the Fisherman & Farmer down town, we are sorry to learn is confined to his home with a severe cold.—Mrs. Mollie Fearing, of the Cemetery Society continues to add improvements to the silent city.—Mr. S. E. Speight has moved his restaurant from Main to Water street.

CHRISTMAS

MELICK.

Santa Claus

TOYS, FANCY GOODS,

....PRESENTS....

WE HAVE THEM and want you to get them. The stock is as well chosen as our

TWENTY-SIX YEARS'

experience in buying for this market from the best markets can make it. It is a full assortment of Suitable, Seasonable Articles

FOR THE CHILDREN.

You can select with little trouble and less expense just what you want, and, better still, just what they want.

TIN, WOODEN, MECHANICAL, **TOYS,**

GAMES, DOLLS, BLOCKS,

EXPRESS WAGONS,

VELOCIPEDES,

DOLLS AND PUZZLES.

See them and you realize why no little woman is so happy as when with her doll—

BISQUE, CHINA, RAG, UNBREAKBLE, RUBBER, **Dolls,**

a goodly sized family—but they can leave us for a small consideration. Dolls are cheap.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE

our 5c, 10c, 15c and 25c Selections. You may know just about how much you want to spend but not just what you want to buy, so we have selected our best values at above prices and arranged them so as to be easily examined. Come to see our

HOLIDAY DISPLAY,

It is worth your time and trouble.

P. W. Melick.

Herr Strauss' Eccentricities.

Writing of the eccentricities of Herr Strauss, the dance music composer, a Vienna writer says he is as nervous as a composer as he is a director. Clad in a velvet costume, with patent leather boots reaching to his knees, his eyes aflame and in a fit of inspiration, he goes striding through the house like a maniac. If inspiration does not come to him in the salon, he clutches his papers and goes to his bedroom or to his wife's boudoir. Sometimes the waltz begun in the parlor is finished in the kitchen. Mme. Strauss, who appreciates and understands her husband's habits, has half a dozen pianos scattered through the house, and in each room a table with writing materials, so that in whatever nook her husband finds himself he is quite at home. Mme. Strauss was once a favorite actress on the Vienna stage.

Pleurisy

Pleurisy and pneumonia are acute inflammations of the lungs, and if not promptly allayed, the worst may happen. The celebrated Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup speedily allays all inflammation of the lungs and effects a cure in a wonderfully short time.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures Pleurisy and Pneumonia.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C

FOR SALE.

PURSUANT to decree of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County N. C., I shall offer for sale to the highest bidder at 12 o'clock, M., on Monday, January 30th, 1899, before the Court House door at Elizabeth City in said county the Mill Buildings and entire Steam Saw Mill plant of the Pasquotank Lumber Co., situate on the Pasquotank River and on the line of the N. & S. R. R. in said Elizabeth City; also a lot of timber and sawed lumber and rafting gear; also several tracts of timber land in Tyrell county. The whole plant is said to be in excellent condition. Parties who may desire to purchase the property are invited to examine it or write, postage paid, to the undersigned. Terms of sale one-third cash, balance at six and twele, months with approved security withinterest from day of sale. Persons who have claims against the Company are requested to present the same to me before the day of sale.

FRANK VAUGHAN, Receiver.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. is on every wrapper.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

New Year greetings

Begin the year with a subscription tion for the CAROLINIAN.

The schools resumed their work on Tuesday.

Miss M. L. Rurke, of Edenton, spent a portion of the holidays in our town.

Miss F. O. Newby left last week to visit a sick sister in Winston.

A. L. Hudgings returned Saturday from a brief trip to Belvidere.

W. W. Parker has returned from a visit to his home at Flox.

The death of Stephen White, who resided near town, occurred Friday.

Miss A. G. Fleming, who has been in Washington, D. C. for several months, has returned home.

After having spent several months in Norfolk, G. W. Mizell has returned to his former home here.

Rev. W. L. Clayton left Monday for a brief trip to Portsmouth.

After the holidays our people have resumed their various avocations.

The building improvements continue, which is evidence that our people think it best to save money than to waste it.

Hon. G. A. Mebane returned last Friday from Brooklyn.

Messrs. I. Tillett, A. J. Ferebee and Mrs. S. J. Spellman, of Currituck, were in the city on Monday

F. f. Rooks Turner, who has been from home for several months, spent a few days of last week here. He left Friday for Maryland,

F. W. M. Butler visited friends at Belvidere and Hertford during the holidays.

Samuel Taylor and wife, of Florence, N. J, have spent the X-mas in our town.

J. W. Griffin and wife celebrated their tin wedding on Tuesday evening last.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Capt. H. A. W. Mebane and Miss L. V. Payte. The ceremony will take place at Corner Stone this evening at eight o'clock.

An interesting concert and entertainment was given at Samaritan Hall Monday night by the Hook and Ladder Company.

Prince Boneo Masceigo and sister, claiming to be native born Africans, gave en interesting concert at Mount Lebanon church last night.

The Coleman Cotton Factory at Concorn, N. C., was put into successful operation on the 26th ult. This will give employment to about 100 hands, and is the only one in the country owned, operated and by colored people.

One of the most brilliant and enjoyable receptions of the holiday season was held at the home of Mrs. S. F. Riddick, 75 Shepherd street on last Faiday evening. After having partaken of the choice menue prepared the remainder of the evening was pleasantly spent in music and social games.

Emancipation Day was fittingly and appropriately observed here on Monday, notwithstanding the severity of the weather our people were out in an appreciative way doing honor to the occasion. The exercises were commendable, especially the annual address by Rev. S. P. Smith, which was forciful and encouraging.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in I and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was anvised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial., took in all eight bottles. It has cured me and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at A. Wadsworth's drug store. Regular size 50c and 100. Guaranteed or price refunded.

$100

Dr. E. Detchon's At Diureti

May be worth to you more than $100 you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once $1. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidney and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. For sale by Griggs & Son, Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Buckien's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruisrs, Sares, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skiu Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price twenty-five cents per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth.

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN.

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 135 and 137 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar

for

Medicine

until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

TRADE RIPANS TABULES MARK

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

2 LARGE STORES CONNECTED AND UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room, have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

Admistration Notice.

HAVING qualified, as Administrator of the late Emiline Markham, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

L. M. SATTERTHWAITE,
Adm'r of Emiline Markham.
November 21, 1898.

NG. Grandy & Co

BROKERS

Agents for Woldridge's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

...s money ...they save shoe ...ors' bills. The best ...world soon crack and go ...s if you wear them in the rain ...t snow and slush. A pair of $3 shoes with rubbers will outwear a pair of $12 shoes without rubbers. And as for doctors' bills, a 50-cent pair of rubbers would have saved many a hundred dollar doctor's bill, to say nothing of the discomfort of being sick and the danger of pneumonia or consumption or grip.

Throats and Electric Lights.

The difference in the condition of the throats of public speakers and singers since the introduction of the electric light is most marked. They have less irritation and less weariness during and after their performance. This is accounted for on the theory that gas and other flames dried out the atmosphere and consumed atmospherical elements necessary to the best condition of the organs. In addition to this, the temperature is more even and there is less danger from air currents. Where any great number of gas jets are used, the air at the ceiling of the room has the vitality totally burned out of it, and is heated to a very high temperature. An open door or window letting in fresh air creates violent agitation in the air, sometimes sets gusts of air whirling through a room, especially at the somewhat raised portion, where the performers are situated. A specialist in throat troubles thinks that what is known as singers' sore throat may become less frequent when electric lights are universally adopted.

Their Obvious Use.

"Right here," said the officer who was showing the plans of the new police station to the visiting mayor of Sawbuck, "is where the wings will be built."

"I suppose," replied the mayor of Sawbuck, anxious to show that he was not altogether unfamiliar with metropolitan slang, "there is where the fly cops will stay."—Chicago Tribune.

Grows Stubborn.

Any complaint becomes chronic by neglect, and rheumatism grows stubborn by not using St. Jacobs Oil, which is its sure cure and conquers the pain promptly. Every sufferer should use it.

There are more than 1400 islands in the Philippine group which Spain has ceded to us.

Coughs Lead to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

The largest gulf known is the Gulf of Mexico, which may almost be called a sea.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has no equal as a Cough medicine. F. M. ABBOTT, 383 Seneca St., Buffalo, N. Y., May 9, 1896.

A whale of fifty tons exerts 145 horsepower in swimming twelve miles an hour.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. $1. All druggists.

Sir Moses Montefiore was nearly 101 years old when he died.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The Marquis of Butte's mansion, near Rothesay, cost $10,000,000.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

American exports to Nicaragua are much more varied than imports from Nicaragua.

Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer the best ever used in my family.—THOMAS M. BUTLER, Cor. 10th and Locust Sts., Phila., Pa., Nov. 22, 1897.

It is estimated that there are 100,000 medical students in the United States.

Rheumatism

Is caused by acid in the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla neutralizes this acid and cures the aches and pains. Do not suffer any longer when a remedy is at hand. Take the great medicine which has cured so many others, and you may confidently expect it will give you the relief you so much desire.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price $1. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure sick headache. 25c.

A Perfect Jobation.

On the occasion of a visit to his native town by a member of Parliament, one citizen, who had been prevented from going to listen to the speech in the town hall, asked another who had been present how the distinguished man had been received. "Did they cheer him?" he asked. "Cheer him?" said the other; "I should think they did. Why, they gave him a perfect jobation!" This man must surely have been related to the long-suffering landlady who was compelled to put up with some very noisy and unruly lodgers, who were accustomed to make the night hideous with their unseemly revellings. She confided her woes to a sympathetic friend: "There's no putting a stop to it, drat 'em, and I shall be 'aving the police down on my 'ouse soon. I know I shall. It's the same thing every night. As soon as I gets into bed, they're up to all their augeries!"—Cornhill.

THEY WANT TO TELL

These Grateful Women Who Have Been Helped by Mrs. Pinkham.

Women who have suffered severely and been relieved of their ills by Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine are constantly urging publication of their statements for the benefit of other women. Here are two such letters:

Mrs. LIZZIE BEVERLY, 258 Merrimac St., Lowell, Mass., writes:

"It affords me great pleasure to tell all suffering women of the benefit I have received from taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I can hardly find words to express my gratitude for what she has done for me. My trouble was ulceration of the womb. I was under the doctor's care. Upon examination he found fifteen very large ulcers, but he failed to do me good. I took several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, also used the Sanative Wash, and am cured. Mrs. Pinkham's medicine saved my life, and I would recommend it to all suffering women."

Mrs. AMOS TROMBLEAY, Ellenburgh Ctr., N. Y., writes:

"I took cold at the time my baby was born, causing me to have milk legs, and was sick in bed for eight weeks. Doctors did me no good. I surely thought I would die. I was also troubled with falling of the womb. I could not eat, had faint spells as often as ten times a day. One day a lady came to see me and told me of the benefit she had derived from taking Lydia E. Pinkham's medicine, and advised me to try it. I did so, and had taken only half a bottle before I was able to sit in a chair. After taking three bottles I could do my own work. I am now in perfect health."

WE WILL OCCUPY ILOILO.

Spaniards Surrendered the City to the Filipinos, Who Must Give It Up.

THEIR FLAG TO BE TAKEN DOWN.

General Rios, Spanish Commander in the Visayas, Surrendered to the Insurgents Before the Arrival of American Forces—President McKinley Orders General Otis to Occupy the City.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special.)—General Rios, the Spanish commander, by surrendering Iloilo to the Philippine insurgents, has brought the United States face to face with the problem of controlling Aguinaldo and his followers.

The first official news of the evacuation of Iloilo by the Spaniards came to the State Department in a brief cable message from Singapore. It was sent by Spencer Pratt, the United States Consul-General there, and said:

THE FILIPINO'S FLAG.
(President McKinley has ordered that it be replaced by Old Glory at Iloilo.)

"Iloilo taken 24th; Spanish fled to Borneo."

The War Department was immediately informed of this news. A few hours later General Otis's message came. It is as follows:

"MANILA, December 27.—Sent Colonel Potter on fast vessel to Iloilo on 24th to communicate with Spanish General Rios. Latter evacuated evening of 24th and Potter thirty-five hours late. Insurgents took possession of the city on the 26th and Potter found Aguinaldo's flag flying. Cannot now report probable result. Will not hear from there for four days, as no cable communication. Spanish forces have evacuated all stations in southern Islands except Zamboanga, in Mindanao, by orders, as they say, from Madrid.

"OTIS."

President McKinley and his advisers fully realize the gravity of the situation, but they have implicit confidence in Major-General Otis and Admiral Dewey in their ability to do whatever is necessary to maintain the authority of the United States. By direction of the President instructions were sent on Wednesday to General Otis giving him plenary powers in dealing with the insurgents at Iloilo, but at the same time telling him to take a very firm and positive stand and occupy Iloilo with American troops.

The force sent by General Otis to take possession of the city, which is under the command of General Marcus Miller, consists of the Eighteenth Regular Infantry, Battery G, of the Sixth Regular Artillery, and the Fifty-first Iowa Volunteers. It was carried on three transports and convoyed by the cruiser Baltimore and the gunboat Callao. General Miller is regarded by the War Department officials as a very capable officer.

KENTUCKY MORMONS GO ARMED.

They Attend Religious Services Carrying Shotguns—Efforts to Drive Them Out.

VANCEBURG, Ky. (Special).—The unusual sight of members of a religious organization going to and from their place of worship armed with shotguns to protect themselves against so-called "Whitecaps" was witnessed in the Pleasant Hill neighborhood of the county a few days ago. It is in this region that the Mormons have gained a strong foothold by their missionary work, several of the best citizens of the village having been converts to the Mormon belief. At a considerable expense the band had built a church, which was about to be dedicated a few weeks ago, when a firebug applied the torch to it, and it was destroyed. Since then some of the elders have been beaten and other assaults have been committed on the Mormons by alleged Whitecaps.

The Mormons say they knew who burned their church, which was the only one of their faith in the State, but they say they will not prosecute them, wishing to avoid further trouble. Several farmers have only recently been ordained as elders in the church. Elders Charles Hauck and J. T. Pubble have received notice through the mails that if they did not quit giving shelter to and aiding the "Mormons from Utah" and had been stopping with these men for several days they would be severely dealt with. The Mormons say they do not want to have any trouble, but will protect themselves from violence.

Preparations are being made for the entire membership of the local church to go to Utah and settle permanently. L. N. Parker of Pleasant Hill neighborhood and Elder Blackburne have left for Salt Lake City to prepare for the exodus.

TO PAY THE CUBAN SOLDIERS.

Administration Will Recommend That Congress Vote to Advance the Money.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The suggestion that the United States pay the soldiers of the Cuban Army of liberation on condition that they lay down their arms and disperse will be warmly indorsed in a communication which Secretary Alger will send to Congress. The decision of the Secretary, which has the approval of the President, was reached only after careful consideration of the problem presented by the presence in Cuba during its occupation by United States troops of large bands of Cubans, whose real work had ended with the signing of the peace protocol, but who decline to lay down their arms.

The plan which Secretary Alger will recommend is that Congress appropriate enough money to pay every Cuban soldier $100, the amount appropriated being charged against the revenues of the island, as a loan by the United States. The recommendation that authorization be given to pay the army of liberation out of the United States Treasury will be made so that the amount necessary may be immediately available. Otherwise, the War Department could discharge the Cubans from service only as the proportion of Cuban revenues to be used for the payment becomes available.

Two Girls Imprisoned For Burglary.

Emily Marlatt, aged eighteen years, and Emma Tuttle, sixteen years old, of Morristown, N. J., began terms of imprisonment a few days ago. They were arraigned before Judge Vreeland on charges of burglary, and when asked to plead both answered that they were guilty, and then they began to laugh. Henry Marlatt, father of Emily, accused them of breaking into his meat store and rifling the cash drawer. Judge Vreeland sentenced the Tuttle girl to the State Industrial School for Girls and Emily Marlatt to three months in the Morris County Jail.

The Labor World.

Compositors in the French national printery work fourteen hours a day.

Grape pickers in the vineyards of Portugal are paid about twenty-one cents a day.

The National Garment Workers' Union issued 3,000,000 of its labels during the past year.

The cigarmakers of this country are said to spend $30,000 a year in advertising the union label.

The boxmakers and sawers of Chicago have unionized all box factories in the city and vicinity.

British trade unions have started a fight on firms that print the Bible and refuse to pay union wages.

Printers only work forty-two hours per week in the Government printing office in the South African Republic.

The labor unions of Sweden have organized a national labor congress with permanent headquarters at Stockholm.

Labor in Canada is about the same as in this country so far as conditions and wages are concerned. Many Canadians work in the United States, and vice versa.

As a result of the strike against a reduction of wages in the Carter shoe factory at Nashville, Tenn., a union shoe factory, on the co-operative plan, has been established.

Organized labor in France is in a flourishing condition. According to the last report of the French Labor Department, there are 2258 trade and labor unions, with a membership of 423,777.

NEW YORK'S MURDER MYSTERY.

A Deadly Poison Sent to Another in a Present Causes a Widow's Death.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—Mrs. Kate J. Adams, a widow, fifty-two years old, died suddenly a few days ago at her home after taking what she thought to be a dose of one of the effervescing salts used to relieve headache. The physicians who attended her and the Coroner's office are equally certain that she took one of the deadliest poisons known—cyanide of potassium—and that the investigation of the case will result in disclosing one of the most daring poisoning cases ever attempted in this city. The case in many ways is similar to the now famous Botkin-Dunning case.

The present case has added interest in the fact that, if the police theory is correct, the poison was intended for Harry Cornish, the physical director and manager of the Knickerbocker Athletic Club, who received the package by mail containing the poison as a Christmas gift.

Mrs. Adams complained of a headache, and the poison was given to her for bromo seltzer. Mrs. Adams was at once attacked by violent nausea and convulsions and died in twenty minutes. Cornish, who tasted the mixture after she displayed alarming symptoms, suffered intensely, and narrowly escaped the death which is supposed to have been planned for him.

It is believed that a woman, inspired by jealousy, intended to murder him because of his attentions to another, as the package was addressed in a woman's handwriting. But that, it is hinted, may have been a ruse of a male murderer to escape detection. The police are working on the case.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT IN KANSAS.

A Bill to Compel the Governor to Sign Fifty-nine Death Warrants.

TOPEKA, Kansas (Special).—A bill was introduced in the Legislature Thursday compelling the Governor to sign the death warrants of all persons convicted of murder in the first degree. The bill also provides for the putting to death within the period of one year of all convicts now in the penitentiary under death sentence. There are fifty-nine such convicts. The number has increased from year to year, a result of the present law relating to capital punishment, which leaves the signing of death warrants optional with the Governor. No Kansas Governor has ever seen fit to sign a death warrant.

The bill is the result of the recent trial and conviction of John Collins on the charge of having murdered his father, J. S. Collins, a Topeka capitalist, last fall. Governor Stanley recently declared that he would not sign Collins's death warrant. The passage of this bill would compel him to do so or resign. Mr. Stanley says he will resign before he will sign the death warrants of the convicted murderers in the penitentiary. "I will never permit myself to become a murderer, even under the sanction of law," he declared.

CLERK AND MONEY DISAPPEAR.

Trusted Employe of an Express Company Absconds With $60,000.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas (Special).—The local office of the Wells-Fargo Express Company is out a money package containing $60,000.

The money was sent here from Houston for the Southern Pacific to meet its pay roll west from this city to El Paso. It arrived Wednesday morning, and was given to C. A. Beeler, the Wells-Fargo money delivery clerk, to hand over. Beeler started for the station, and was seen en route. Four hours after his departure his wagon was found five miles west of the city in a thicket, the horse almost dead from the effects of hard driving. Inquiry developed the fact that no delivery had been made. There was no evidence of a struggle in the vicinity where the vehicle was found. Beeler had been in the employ of the company for nine years and enjoyed the confidence of all. He spent several years on the frontier as a cowboy.

A PECULIAR ADMIRALTY CASE.

Fishermen Sue For Money Found on the Body of a La Bourgogne Victim.

BOSTON, Mass. (Special).—A unique admiralty case was heard in the United States District Court a few days ago namely, a libel brought for salvage for the saving of United States and French money of the value $1,050 found by Gloucester fishermen on what the law terms a derelict at sea. The derelict in the case was the dead body of a man, believed to have been a victim of the disaster to the steamer La Bourgogne last July. The body has not been identified. The libel was that brought by the owners of the fishing schooner William H. Cross, in behalf of themselves, her master and crew of fourteen men against the property found. The body was buried at sea, and all efforts to find relatives of the derelict have failed. After hearing the case, Judge Lowell took the matter under advisement.

WOMAN MURDERED BY A DOCTOR.

Many Persons Witness a Tragedy in the Street in Bloomfield, Ind.

BLOOMFIELD, Ind. (Special).—Thursday afternoon Dr. E. E. Gray killed Mrs. Lizzie Skinner on the street within 100 feet of the railroad station in plain view of many people. He stabbed her four times with a surgical knife, and she died instantly.

Gray made threats that he would kill the woman on Thursday. He was watching for her at the station, as she was coming to take the train. After the killing he immediately gave himself up. Mrs. Skinner left a former husband on account of Gray, and he has deserted a wife and family for her.

Dr. Gray is about thirty years old, and is a son of J. W. Gray, one of the most prominent physicians of the county.

KILLED FOR FORTY DOLLARS.

A Man and His Wife Confess to Poisoning a Soldiers' Home Inmate.

MILWAUKEE, Wis. (Special).—Albert Funk and his wife were arrested a few nights ago for the murder of Chris Melga for his money. The murder was committed two weeks ago, and Drs. Washburn and Wilson, who conducted the post mortem, pronounced it a case of heart failure. Funk and his wife have confessed to having put a large dose of rat poison into a cup of coffee which Melga drank a few hours before his death.

Funk is a teamster and has been working for a dollar a day. He was in hard straits. Melgo was about sixty-five years old and an inmate of the Soldiers' Home. The victim was supposed to have a large sum of money about him, but the Funks got only $40 as a reward for their crime.

A Faith Curist Dies of Burns.

Mrs. J. Weller, of Omaha, Neb., was so badly burned by the explosion of boiling turpentine on a stove that she died Tuesday night from the effect of her injuries. Her husband and two sons, Wayne and Hartley, were also slightly burned. The members of the family are Christian Scientists, and refused medical assistance.

Mrs. George's Trial in March.

Mrs. Anna George, the woman accused of having murdered George D. Saxton, brother-in-law of President McKinley, at Canton, Ohio, will not be placed on trial before about March 1.

Newsy Gleanings.

London had seventy-two fatal cases of influenza in six weeks.

Australia will join with Canada in defraying the cost of a Pacific cable.

The farmers about Salem, Ore., are considering the project of a co-operative creamery.

The French were reported to be fortifying Tahiti, the principal island of the Society group.

Consul Washington at Alexandressa thinks there is a good chance for American wind mills in Syria.

An American has founded Ruskin Hall at Oxford University, England, for the benefit of poor young men.

A Greater Sydney, New South Wales, will be organized, possibly on lines similar to those of Greater New York.

The Director of the Mint reports that the United States Government now has more gold than any nation on earth.

The Wesleyan Methodists of England have already in hand a fifth of the fund of $5,000,000 which they recently decided to raise as a "twentieth century offering."

The terracotta monument marking the spot where Lafayette was wounded on the Brandywine battlefield was blown down by the recent high winds and badly broken.

The Hungarian opposition party threatens to throw Hungary into a state of revolutionary anarchy before they consent to the extra constitutional "compromise" with Austria.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

John Bell, assistant stage carpenter at the Garrick Theatre, New York, was asphyxiated in his room at De Atley's Hotel a few days ago. It evidently was an accident, for the gas stove in his room was improperly lighted.

The Postoffice Department ordered the establishment of a military postoffice at Iloilo, island of Panay, in the Philippines, and detailed one soldier each from a California and a Tennessee regiment for service there.

Miss Frances Mills, daughter of Senator Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, was married at the Church of the Covenant to Lieutenant George Richards, United States Marine Corps. The guests included President McKinley and many representatives of the army and navy and the Senate.

Commodore J. W. Philip, formerly captain of the battleship Texas, will succeed Rear-Admiral Francis M. Bunce as commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Congress will authorize partial improvement of New York Harbor, leaving the full work to be provided for in the future.

P. T. O'Neill, Customs Inspector at New York, has been designated by the War Department as an Inspector of Customs at Havana.

Major-General Francis V. Greene has resigned his commission as an officer of the volunteer army preparatory to his return to private life. It was with regret that the War Department accepted his resignation.

Consul-General Goodnow has notified the State Department from Shanghai that the Chinese Government has forbidden dynamite and like explosives to be landed in China.

The cruiser Buffalo arrived at Port Said, Egypt, on the way to Manila, just sixteen and a half days out from New York. Thus she has broken all naval records up to that point in her voyage.

The papers in the court-martial of Captain Oberlin M. Carter, United States Engineer Corps, have been referred to the Attorney-General by the President for final revision. The Attorney-General will render an opinion as to the regularity of the the introduction of private papers of the accused officer at the trial.

Brigadier-General John N. Andrews has been relieved from the command of the Third Brigade, Second Division, First Army Corps, and ordered to join the Twelfth Infantry.

The Postmaster-General announced the establishment of seven additional military postal stations in Cuba, as follows: Pinar del Rio, Guanajay, Mariel, Trinidad, Las Tunas, Sancti Spiritus, and Cardenas.

Domestic.

Michael Ferrando, known as "The Big Greek," who was arrested for beating insensible and robbing a Greek sailor in New York City, was identified as Soteros de Sarantos, a ferocious brigand, for whose capture, dead or alive, the Greek Government has offered $1000.

Miss Mercedes Garcia, daughter of the late Calixto Garcia, the Cuban leader, died a few days ago at Thomasville, Ga., of consumption.

The title of the Northern Pacific Railroad to nearly nine million acres of land in the State of Washington is invalid, according to a majority report of the State Legislative Investigating Committee. The Legislature will be urged to restore this tract to the public domain.

Herman Kiseo, twelve years old, and Arthur Leedham, nine years old, were both drowned while skating on thin ice at Harris Pond at Woonsocket, R. I.

Mrs. Isabelle, her daughter, Mrs. Ossie Malone, and Mrs. Malone's infant child were burned to death in their home near Hillsborough, Texas. The fire was caused by the use of kerosene to light a fire.

The gunboats Alvarado and Sandoval, captured from Spain in the late war, have completed coaling at Norfolk, Va., and sailed for Portsmouth, N. H.

Formal announcement was made in New York City of the engagement of Miss Virginia Fair and W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.

The steamer City of Osceola sank in twelve feet of water near her landing at Cairo, Ill. The steamer was valued at $70,000.

H. F. Bailey, cashier of the Colebrook National Bank of Colebrook, N. H., was arrested on the charge of misappropriating funds of the bank.

Robert Howard, convicted in Chicago of being an accessory before the fact in a murder case, has been sentenced to death.

Ira Sexton was hanged at Princeton, Mo., a few days ago, for the killing of Nathan Stark, a young farmer, on October 28, 1897, while trying to rob him.

Thomas J. Grubbs, forty, and Harry Roberts, seventy, fought a duel with pocket knives at Mooretown, Cal. Grubbs literally hacked his aged opponent to death. He was himself terribly wounded about the face and neck. Grubbs was arrested on a charge of murder.

A breach of promise suit was instituted at Reading, Penn., in which the plaintiff is Miss Elizabeth McVeigh, twenty-one years old, a poor girl, and the defendant George F. Hageman, forty years old, a leading member of the bar. She wants $10,000 damages.

James Mulholland, George Knowles and Harry Wilkie were arrested at Paterson, N. J., on a charge of having held up and robbed James Van Ness, a milk dealer.

W. F. Bechel, for sixteen years auditor of the Pacific Express Company at Omaha, Neb., was a few days ago acquitted of the charge of embezzling $200,000 of the company's funds. His trial had lasted a month.

John Hedfors, foreman in John P. Rydberg's quarry at Worcester, Mass., was endeavoring to remove a blasting charge which he thought had failed, when the charge exploded. Hedfors was blown many feet in the air and his body came down headless. He leaves a wife and six children.

Twenty-five torpedo cases have arrived at Fort Constitution, New Castle, N. H. They were ordered by the War Department for Portsmouth Harbor during the recent war, but the demand for them at other places delayed their arrival. There are now 125 torpedoes and mines at New Castle for use in case of emergency.

Jim Baird, colored, and Andy Hicks, a young white man, both miners, had a quarrel at the North Jellico mines, near Barbourville, Ky., a few days ago. Baird shot and fatally wounded Hicks. Baird was then shot and killed by some one in the crowd. Hicks's brother is charged with committing the deed.

Foreign.

Thirty army officers were sent to jail for four days in Paris, France, for subscribing to the Henry prosecution fund started by the Libre Parole.

The Philippine insurgents on the Island of Samar captured the town of Calbayon, and the Spaniards took refuge in the house of an American, who protected them.

General Arolas, the Spanish Military Governor of Havana, Cuba, has given up his command and sailed for Spain.

Dispatches from Brussels, Belgium, tell of an important meeting of the Bonapartists there, presided over by Prince Victor Napoleon, and at which Baron Legoux in a speech said "the hour for combat is sounding."

There is no foundation whatever for any charges that the United States authorities have interfered in religion in Porto Rico. All General Henry would do is to prohibit inflammable utterances by Spanish priests.

Emperor Nicholas of Russia will soon visit Emperor-King Francis Joseph of Austria-Hungary and King Humbert of Italy.

The Court of Cassation has examined M. Casimir-Perier, the former President of France, and M. Barthou, the former Minister of the Interior, in the proceedings attending the revision of the Dreyfus case.

The fall of part of a mountain partially buried the Swiss village of Airolo; three bodies were taken from the ruins, and damage to the amount of $200,000 was done.

General Henry withdrew his order revoking Spanish concessions in the island of Porto Rico, owing to legal objections to the order.

Detective Sergeant Michael Crowley, of New York City, has been asked by Mr. McCullagh, who is organizing the police force in Havana, to go to Havana and organize a detective force.

The steamer Colon arrived at Cadiz, Spain, from Havana, Cuba, with 2000 Spanish troops.

Princess Louise, of Coburg, daughter of the King of the Belgians, has become insane.

The United States warships Boston and Petrel have returned to Manila from Chinese ports.

The French Chamber of Deputies adopted a bill imposing a stamp duty of one per cent. on foreign securities.

The Grand Duchess Xenia, sister of the Czar of Russia, has given birth to a son.

The Marquis of Anglesey was fined $100 at Liverpool, England, for bringing a French bulldog from New York last October without securing the necessary license.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—West. extras...#	—	@#	21
Firsts	18	@	20
Thirds to seconds	15	@	18
State—Thirds to firsts	15	@	18½
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	18
Imitation Creamery	13	@	17
Factory, fresh firsts	—	@	13½
Low grades	12	@	13
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	9¾	@	10¼
Small	10¾	@	11
Part skims, good to prime	5½	@	6
Full skims	3	@	3½
EGGS.			
Nearby—Fancy	—	@	30
State and Penn—Fresh	26	@	27
Western—Choice	—	@	26
Southern—Choice	24	@	25
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	1 50	@	1 53½
Medium, 1898	—	@	1 32½
Pea, choice, 1898	—	@	1 25
Red kidney, choice, 1898	1 75	@	1 80
White kidney, choice, 1898	1 75	@	1 80
Yellow eye	1 50	@	1 55
Lima, Cal., # 60 lbs	2 30	@	2 35
Green peas, bags	87½	@	90
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Greenings, # bbl	3 25	@	3 75
Baldwin, # bbl	3 00	@	3 50
Spy, # bbl	3 00	@	3 50
Grapes, Catawba, # basket	10	@	14
Niagara, # basket	—	@	—
Cranberries, Cape Cod, # bbl	5 00	@	7 50
Jersey, # bbl	—	@	5 00
HOPS.			
State—1898, choice, # lb	19	@	20
Fair to prime	15	@	18
Pacific Coast, 1898, choice	—	@	20
Common to prime	13	@	19
Old odds	4	@	8
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, # lb	—	@	9
Chickens, # lb	—	@	—
Roosters, # lb	—	@	5
Turkeys, # lb	8	@	9
Ducks, # pair	40	@	60
Geese, # pair	75	@	1 37
Pigeons, # pair	10	@	15
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, # lb	6	@	12
Chickens, Phila	9	@	14
Jersey	6½	@	8½
Fowls, State & Penn., # lb	7½	@	8
Ducks, Western	5	@	8
Nearby, # lb	8	@	9
Geese, Md., # lb	9	@	10
Squabs, # doz	1 25	@	2 50
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, # 100 lb	—	@	65
Clover mixed	42½	@	52½
Straw—Long rye	40	@	50
Short rye	—	@	—
Oat	—	@	—
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, L. I., # bbl	1 75	@	2 00
Jersey, # bbl	1 00	@	1 37
Sweet, # bbl	1 25	@	2 50
Cabbages, # 100	2 00	@	4 00
Onions, Conn. white, # bbl	3 00	@	6 00
Red and yellow, # bbl	1 50	@	2 25
Egg plant, # bbl	2 50	@	5 00
Tomatoes, # carrier	1 50	@	3 50
Squash, marrow, # bbl	50	@	60
Turnips, Russia, # bbl	60	@	80
Green peas, Fla., # basket	1 00	@	2 50
Cauliflower, # bbl	1 00	@	6 00
String beans, # crate	1 00	@	2 25
Lettuce, # basket	50	@	2 00
Brussels sprouts, # qt	4	@	12
Celery, # doz	5	@	40
Lima beans, # bag	1 50	@	2 00
Spinach, # bbl	1 50	@	2 50
Beets, # bbl	75	@	1 00
Kale, # bbl	35	@	60
Carrots, L. I., # bbl	70	@	90
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter Patents	3 75	@	4 00
Spring Patents	3 85	@	4 10
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	79½
No. 2 Red	—	@	80¾
Corn—No. 2	45⅝	@	45⅞
Oats—No. 2 White	35	@	35½
Track mixed	33	@	35
Rye—Western	—	@	68
State	—	@	59½
Lard—City steam	5.15c	@	5.20c
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7	@	8¾
Calves, city dressed	9	@	12
Country dressed	6	@	9½
Sheep, # 100 lb	3 50	@	4 00
Lambs, # 100 lb	5 25	@	5 90
Hogs—Live, # 100 lb	3 70	@	3 85
Country dressed	3½	@	5¾

AN UNPARALLELED YEAR.

1898 Closed With the Biggest Volume of Business Ever Known.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The condition of trade in the United States for the year just closed was without a parallel in the history of the country. At the close of 1892 business men looked back upon a year whose prosperity had been greater than the country had ever known, but it is now declared that 1898 surpassed 1892 as greatly as the latter surpassed its predecessors. Referring to this Dun's Review for December has the following:

"It is a year beyond parallel and goes to its close with the biggest volume of business ever seen. Enormous transactions at the Stock Exchange make some difference and heavy railroad earnings, but when all the transporting and speculative interests are eliminated there is still a much larger business than in any other month of any year. Last year the exports were in volume greater than in any previous month in the history of the country, but this year the three weeks' report shows an increase of twenty-five per cent. against nine per cent. in imports, which would indicate much more than $70,000,000 excess of exports this month. The payments through clearing houses have been for the week 26.5 per cent. greater than last year and 12.4 per cent. greater than in 1892 and for the month 17.8 per cent. larger than in 1892."

Bradstreet's says: "Probably never before at this date was the course of general business so animated as it is at present. Speculative activity is no longer confined to the stock market, but has widened to include wheat and corn among the cereals and copper among the metals, while the rush of business in iron and steel seems little, if any, abated, and some lines, notably cotton goods and raw wool, are displaying an activity and strength which would have been welcomed at any time for a year past. Prices of securities and staples alike furnish examples of aggressive strength."

Cotton Allowed to Rot in Fields.

In the cotton district tributary to New Orleans, where the weather has been bad and the yield has been so poor that in many instances it will not pay to pick the cotton crop, thousands of acres have been abandoned and the cotton allowed to rot in the fields. In Franklin parish as much as sixty per cent. of the cotton is still standing in the fields and will not be picked; and in the hill parishes of North Louisiana from twenty to forty per cent. of the cotton has been abandoned.

To Grow These Articles at Home.

To reduce our importations of the little things that have been costing us $8,000,000 annually the division of botany of the Department of Agriculture is bending its efforts. Western States are now growing chicory. In 1896 we imported 16,317,888 pounds; in 1898 we imported only 315,707 pounds of raw chicory. The farmers of Michigan, Nebraska and other States will now furnish our supply. Ginseng is also a promising plant for cultivation.

Our Exports to Spain.

Our exports to Spain for ten months of 1898 were only $5,773,000 against over $9,000,000 in normal years.

Business Briefs.

Boston is shipping large quantities of merchandise into the South.

The cane sugar crop of the South is 250,000 to 325,000 long tons annually.

There are over 200 creameries in South Dakota, the annual output amounting to nearly $8,000,000.

Seventeen Baltimore brewing companies have been combined to form the Maryland Brewing Company.

The Pittsburg and Allegheny gas companies, representing an investment of $26,000,000, have united.

The astonishing advance in the iron industry in the United States continues with no sign of a falling off.

American fertilizers were shipped abroad in 1897 to the value of $4,360,000, compared with $1,255,000 in 1898.

We are sending California apples by the car load to Europe, where they are meeting with an increased demand with every shipment.

The total value of the drygoods trade, imported and domestic, of New York City is estimated at something like $1,500,000,000.

Returns for the year show that Clyde shipbuilding firms launched 328 vessels, aggregating 466,832 tons, against 318 vessels of 340,373 tons in 1897.

The export of wheels, which was larger for 1898 than any time previous, promises to be even larger in 1899, while the import trade has been steadily decreasing.

ST. JACOBS OIL cures Rheumatism.
ST. JACOBS OIL cures Neuralgia.
ST. JACOBS OIL cures Lumbago.
ST. JACOBS OIL cures Sciatica.
ST. JACOBS OIL cures Sprains.
ST. JACOBS OIL cures Bruises.
ST. JACOBS OIL cures Soreness.
ST. JACOBS OIL cures Stiffness.
ST. JACOBS OIL cures Backache.
ST. JACOBS OIL cures Muscular Aches.

Wooden legs, according to statisticians, are used by over 1,000,000 English-speaking men.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

During 1897 Nebraska marketed $140,072,494 worth of products.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more GRAIN-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. GRAIN-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

The largest sea is the Mediterranean. It is 2000 miles long.

Delay Makes It Harder.

Mis-steps have made the worst sprains, but it is no mis-step to use St. Jacobs Oil. It makes a cure by strengthening, soothing and conquering the pain. Every hour's delay makes it harder to cure.

Havana's street railway is twenty-five miles long.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Nicaragua covers an area of 49,500 square miles.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

China has never had a historian dealing comprehensively with its literature.

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